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## anti-NAGA antibody (AA 218-411)

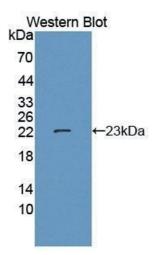
2 Images



Overview		
Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	NAGA	
Binding Specificity:	AA 218-411	
Reactivity:	Human	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This NAGA antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)	
Product Details		
Immunogen:	NAGa (Ile218-Gln411)	
Isotype:	IgG	
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against NAGa. It has been selected for its ability to recognize NAGa in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.	
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography	
Target Details		
Target:	NAGA	
Alternative Name:	N-Acetylgalactosaminidase Alpha (NAGA Products)	
Background:	Alternative Names: Alpha-N-Acetylgalactosaminidase, Alpha-galactosidase B	

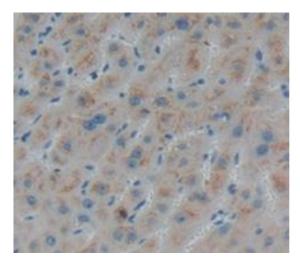
### **Application Details**

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Application Notes:	Western blotting: 1:50-400 Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-1:5000 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.		
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated		
	thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37&degC for 48h, and no obvious		
	degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration		
	date under appropriate storage condition.		
Restrictions:	For Research Use only		
Handling			
Format:	Liquid		
Concentration:	Lot specific		
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.		
Preservative:	Sodium azide		
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled.  Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or		
	eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a		
	physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute		
	azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of		
	potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.		
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.		
Storage:	4 °C		
Storage Comment:	Store at 2-8 °C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80 °C for 12 months.		
Expiry Date:	12 months		



#### **Western Blotting**

Image 1.



#### **Immunohistochemistry**

Image 2. Figure.DAB staining on IHC-P. Samples: Human Tissue