

Datasheet for ABIN1860347 anti-Patched 1 antibody (AA 227-436)

2 Images

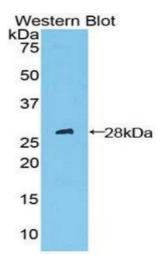


Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	Patched 1 (PTCH1)
Binding Specificity:	AA 227-436
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Patched 1 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Immunoprecipitation (IP)
Product Details	
Purpose:	Polyclonal Antibody to Patched Homolog 1 (PTCH1)
Immunogen:	PTCH1 (Leu227-Asp436)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against PTCH1. It has been selected for its ability to recognize PTCH1 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography
Target Details	
Target:	Patched 1 (PTCH1)

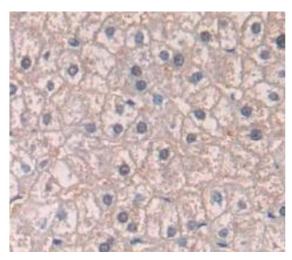
Target Details

ranget Betane	
Alternative Name:	PTCH1 (PTCH1 Products)
Background:	PTC, BCNS, HPE7, NBCCS, PTC1, PTCH
Pathways:	Hedgehog Signaling, Carbohydrate Homeostasis, Tube Formation
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blotting: 0.2-2 μg/mL,1:250-2500 Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 μg/mL,1:25-100
	Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 μ g/mL,1:25-100 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated
	thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious
	degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration
	date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	500 μg/mL
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled.
	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or
	eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a
	physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute
	azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of
	potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without
	detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months



Western Blotting

Image 1.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Figure.DAB staining on IHC-P. Samples: Human Tissue