

Datasheet for ABIN1866725
anti-APOA5 antibody (FITC)



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Overview

Quantity:	200 µL
Target:	APOA5
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This APOA5 antibody is conjugated to FITC
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Immunofluorescence (IF)

Product Details

Purpose:	FITC-Linked Polyclonal Antibody to Apolipoprotein A5 (APOA5)
Immunogen:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against APOA5 conjugated to fitc.
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against APOA5. It has been selected for its ability to recognize APOA5 in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography followed by Protein A affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	APOA5
Alternative Name:	Apolipoprotein A5 (APOA5 Products)

Target Details

Background: Apo-A5, APOA-V, APOAV, RAP3, Regeneration-associated protein 3

Pathways: [Regulation of Lipid Metabolism by PPARalpha](#), [Lipid Metabolism](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: Western blotting: 0.2-2 µg/mL, 1:250-2500 Immunohistochemistry: 5-20 µg/mL, 1:25-100
Immunocytochemistry: 5-20 µg/mL, 1:25-100 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

Comment: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Concentration: 500 µg/mL

Buffer: PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.

Preservative: Sodium azide

Precaution of Use: WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.

Handling Advice: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles

Storage: 4 °C, -20 °C

Storage Comment: Store at 4°C for frequent use. Stored at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer for two year without detectable loss of activity. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Expiry Date: 12 months