antibodies -online.com







anti-GPAM antibody (AA 594-828)

Images



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Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	GPAM
Binding Specificity:	AA 594-828
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This GPAM antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)
Product Details	

Immunogen:	GPAM (Leu594-Leu828)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against GPAM. It has been selected for its ability to recognize GPAM in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	GPAM
Alternative Name:	Glycerol-3-Phosphate Acyltransferase, Mitochondrial (GPAM Products)
Background:	Alternative Names: GPAT1

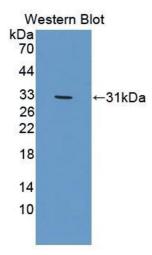
Storage Comment:

Expiry Date:

12 months

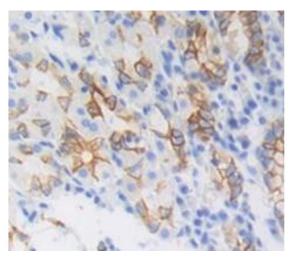
Target Details	
Pathways:	Activated T Cell Proliferation
Application Details	
Application Notes:	 Western blotting: 1:50-400 Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-1:5000 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	Lot specific
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	4 °C

Store at 2-8 $^{\circ}$ C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80 $^{\circ}$ C for 12 months.



Western Blotting

Image 1. Figure. Western Blot; Sample: Recombinant protein.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Figure.DAB staining on IHC-P. Samples: Human Tissue