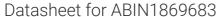
antibodies - online.com







anti-PARN antibody (AA 178-245)

Images



Background:

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	PARN
Binding Specificity:	AA 178-245
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This PARN antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	PARN (Lys178-Asp245)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against PARN. It has been selected for its
	ability to recognize PARN in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography
Target Details	
Target:	PARN
Alternative Name:	Poly A Specific Ribonuclease (PARN Products)

Alternative Names: DAN, Deadenylation Nuclease, Deadenylating nuclease, Polyadenylate-

SI	pecific	ribonucl	ease
\sim	3001110	110011401	Cucc

Application Details

Application Notes:

• Western blotting: 1:50-400 Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-1:5000 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.

Comment:

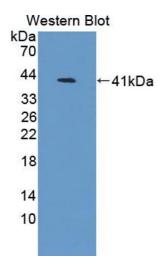
The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

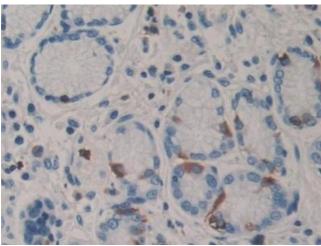
Handling

Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	Lot specific	
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.	
Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of	
	potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.	
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	
Storage:	4 °C	
Storage Comment:	Store at 2-8 °C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80 °C for 12 months.	
Expiry Date:	12 months	



Western Blotting

Image 1. Figure. Western Blot; Sample: Recombinant protein.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. DAB staining on IHC-P; Samples: Human Stomach Tissue