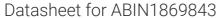
antibodies -online.com







anti-PLA2G4D antibody (AA 9-120)

Images



Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
	r
Target:	PLA2G4D
Binding Specificity:	AA 9-120
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Application:	Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Western Blotting (WB), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

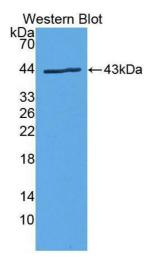
Immunogen:	PLA2G4D (Pro9-Leu120)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against PLA2G4D. It has been selected for its ability to recognize PLA2G4D in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography

Target Details

Target:	PLA2G4D
Alternative Name:	Phospholipase A2, Group IVD (PLA2G4D Products)
Background:	Alternative Names: cPLA2delta, Cytosolic phospholipase A2 delta
Pathways:	Inositol Metabolic Process, VEGF Signaling

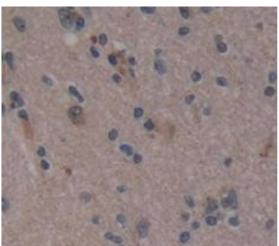
Application Details

A P P M S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S A S		
Application Notes:	 Western blotting: 1:50-400 Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-1:5000 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user. 	
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious	
	degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	Lot specific	
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.	
Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.	
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	
Storage:	4 °C	
Storage Comment:	Store at 2-8 °C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80 °C for 12 months.	
Expiry Date:	12 months	



Western Blotting

Image 1. Figure. Western Blot; Sample: Recombinant protein.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Figure.DAB staining on IHC-P. Samples: Human Tissue