antibodies -online.com







anti-PLTP antibody (AA 337-479)

Images



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Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	PLTP
Binding Specificity:	AA 337-479
Reactivity:	Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This PLTP antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	PLTP (IIe337-Asp/170)

Immunogen:	PLTP (Ile337-Asp479)	
Isotype:	IgG	
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against PLTP. It has been selected for its ability to recognize PLTP in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.	
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography	

Target Details

Target:	PLTP
Alternative Name:	Phospholipid Transfer Protein (PLTP Products)
Background:	Alternative Names: Lipid transfer protein II

Storage:

Expiry Date:

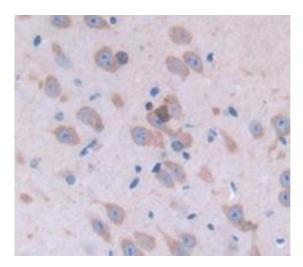
Storage Comment:

4°C

12 months

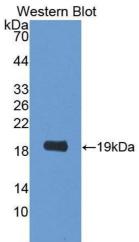
Target Details		
Pathways:	Lipid Metabolism	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	 Western blotting: 1:50-400 Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-1:5000 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user. 	
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	Lot specific	
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.	
Preservative:	Sodium azide	
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.	
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	

Store at 2-8 $^{\circ}$ C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80 $^{\circ}$ C for 12 months.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 1. Figure.DAB staining on IHC-P. Samples: Mouse Tissue



Western Blotting

Image 2. Figure. Western Blot; Sample: Recombinant protein.