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anti-TNFRSF1B antibody (AA 25-229)

3 Images



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Overview

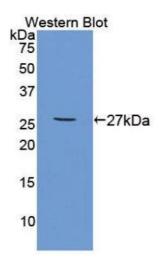
Background:

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	TNFRSF1B
Binding Specificity:	AA 25-229
Reactivity:	Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This TNFRSF1B antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	TNFRSF1B (Ala25-Met229)
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	The antibody is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against TNFRSF1B. It has been selected for
	its ability to recognize TNFRSF1B in immunohistochemical staining and western blotting.
Purification:	Antigen-specific affinity chromatography
Target Details	
Target:	TNFRSF1B
Alternative Name:	Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor Superfamily, Member 1B (TNFRSF1B Products)

Alternative Names: CD120B, P75, TBPII, TNF-R-II, TNF-R75, TNFBR, TNFR2, TNFR80, P75tnfr,

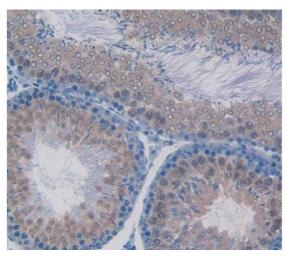
Target Details

	Tumor necrosis factor receptor 2, p80 TNF-alpha receptor, Etanercept
Pathways:	NF-kappaB Signaling, Apoptosis, Cellular Response to Molecule of Bacterial Origin, Hepatitis C, Ubiquitin Proteasome Pathway
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Western blotting: 1:50-400 Immunocytochemistry in formalin fixed cells: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in formalin fixed frozen section: 1:50-500 Immunohistochemistry in paraffin section: 1:10-100 Enzyme-linked Immunosorbent Assay: 1:100-1:5000 Optimal working dilutions must be determined by end user.
Comment:	The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	Lot specific
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.02 % Sodium azide, 50 % glycerol.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Handling Advice: Storage:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. 4 °C



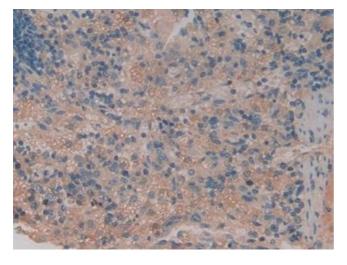
Western Blotting

Image 1.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. Used in DAB staining on fromalin fixed paraffinembedded testis tissue



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. DAB staining on IHC-P; Samples: Rat Spleen Tissue