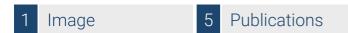


Datasheet for ABIN1881802

anti-SH2D1A antibody (C-Term)





Go to Product page

_				
()	ve.	rv/	101	Λ

Quantity:	400 μL		
Target:	SH2D1A		
Binding Specificity:	AA 85-114, C-Term		
Reactivity:	Human		
Host:	Rabbit		
Clonality:	Polyclonal		
Conjugate:	This SH2D1A antibody is un-conjugated		
Application:	Western Blotting (WB)		
Product Details			
Immunogen:	This SH2D1A antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic		
	peptide between 85-114 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human SH2D1A.		
Clone:	RB41923		
Isotype:	Ig Fraction		
Purification:	This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.		
Target Details			
Target:	SH2D1A		
Alternative Name:	SH2D1A (SH2D1A Products)		
Background:	This gene encodes a protein that plays a major role in the bidirectional stimulation of T and B		

cells. This protein contains an SH2 domain and a short tail. It associates with the signaling lymphocyte-activation molecule, thereby acting as an inhibitor of this transmembrane protein by blocking the recruitment of the SH2-domain-containing signal-transduction molecule SHP-2 to its docking site. This protein can also bind to other related surface molecules that are expressed on activated T, B and NK cells, thereby modifying signal transduction pathways in these cells. Mutations in this gene cause lymphoproliferative syndrome X-linked type 1 or Duncan disease, a rare immunodeficiency characterized by extreme susceptibility to infection with Epstein-Barr virus, with symptoms including severe mononucleosis and malignant lymphoma. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

Molecular Weight:

14187

NCBI Accession:

NP_001108409, NP_002342

UniProt:

060880

Pathways:

Regulation of Leukocyte Mediated Immunity, Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process

Application Details

Application Notes:

WB: 1:1000

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

Format:

Liquid

Buffer:

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09 % (W/V) sodium azide.

Preservative:

Sodium azide

Precaution of Use:

This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which

should be handled by trained staff only.

Storage:

4 °C,-20 °C

Expiry Date:

6 months

Publications

Product cited in:

Snow, Marsh, Krummey, Roehrs, Young, Zhang, van Hoff, Dhar, Nichols, Filipovich, Su, Bleesing, Lenardo: "Restimulation-induced apoptosis of T cells is impaired in patients with X-linked

lymphoproliferative disease caused by SAP deficiency." in: **The Journal of clinical investigation**, Vol. 119, Issue 10, pp. 2976-89, (2009) (PubMed).

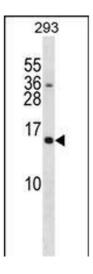
Nagy, Matskova, Kis, Hellman, Klein, Klein: "The proapoptotic function of SAP provides a clue to the clinical picture of X-linked lymphoproliferative disease." in: **Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America**, Vol. 106, Issue 29, pp. 11966-71, (2009) (PubMed).

Ostrakhovitch, Wang, Li: "SAP binds to CD22 and regulates B cell inhibitory signaling and calcium flux." in: **Cellular signalling**, Vol. 21, Issue 4, pp. 540-50, (2009) (PubMed).

Ameratunga, Woon: "Customised molecular diagnosis of primary immune deficiency disorders in New Zealand: an efficient strategy for a small developed country." in: **The New Zealand medical journal**, Vol. 122, Issue 1304, pp. 46-53, (2009) (PubMed).

Schwartzberg, Mueller, Qi, Cannons: "SLAM receptors and SAP influence lymphocyte interactions, development and function." in: **Nature reviews. Immunology**, Vol. 9, Issue 1, pp. 39-46, (2008) (PubMed).

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1. SH2D1A Antibody (C-term) (ABIN1881802 and ABIN2838903) western blot analysis in 293 cell line lysates (35 μ g/lane).This demonstrates the SH2D1A antibody detected the SH2D1A protein (arrow).