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# anti-FGFR1 antibody (N-Term)

4 Images

12

**Publications** 



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Quantity:	400 μL	
Target:	FGFR1	
Binding Specificity:	AA 19-48, N-Term	
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This FGFR1 antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Flow Cytometry (FACS)	

# **Product Details**

Immunogen:	This FGFR1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 19~48 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human FGFR1.
Clone:	RB04521
Isotype:	lg Fraction
Purification:	This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

# **Target Details**

Target:	FGFR1
Alternative Name:	FGFR1 (FGFR1 Products)

# **Target Details**

Background:	FGFR1 is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor family, where amino acid sequence
	is highly conserved between members and throughout evolution. FGFR family members differ
	from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative
	protein consists of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a
	single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain.
	The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in
	motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and
	differentiation. This particular family member binds both acidic and basic fibroblast growth
	factors and is involved in limb induction. Mutations in this gene can lead to Pfeiffer syndrome
	and Jackson-Weiss syndrome. The genomic organization of the gene is very similar to family
	members 2-4, encompassing 19 exons that are subject to complex alternative splicing, which
	allows for structural, tissue expression and ligand affinity variations among the isoforms.
Molecular Weight:	91868
NCBI Accession:	NP_001167534, NP_001167535, NP_001167536, NP_001167537, NP_001167538, NP_056934,
	NP_075593, NP_075594, NP_075598
UniProt:	P11362
Pathways:	RTK Signaling, Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway, EGFR Signaling Pathway, Neurotrophin
	Signaling Pathway, Sensory Perception of Sound, Stem Cell Maintenance, S100 Proteins
Application Details	
Application Notes:	IF: 1:50~100. WB: 1:1000. IHC-P: 1:50~100. FC: 1:10~50
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09 % (W/V) sodium azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which
	should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Expiry Date:	6 months

Product cited in:

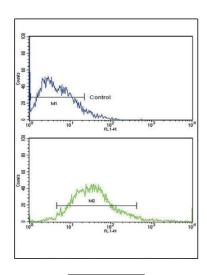
Carrascal, Ovelleiro, Casas, Gay, Abian: "Phosphorylation analysis of primary human T lymphocytes using sequential IMAC and titanium oxide enrichment." in: **Journal of proteome research**, Vol. 7, Issue 12, pp. 5167-76, (2009) (PubMed).

Koulich, Li, DeMartino: "Relative structural and functional roles of multiple deubiquitylating proteins associated with mammalian 26S proteasome." in: **Molecular biology of the cell**, Vol. 19, Issue 3, pp. 1072-82, (2008) (PubMed).

Reuter, Medhurst, Waisfisz, Zhi, Herterich, Hoehn, Gross, Joenje, Hoatlin, Mathew, Huber: "Yeast two-hybrid screens imply involvement of Fanconi anemia proteins in transcription regulation, cell signaling, oxidative metabolism, and cellular transport." in: **Experimental cell research**, Vol. 289, Issue 2, pp. 211-21, (2003) (PubMed).

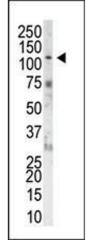
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# **Images**



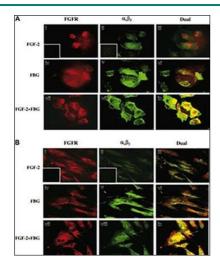
## **Flow Cytometry**

**Image 1.** Flow cytometric analysis of MCF-7 cells using FGFR1 Antibody (N-term) (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.



## **Western Blotting**

**Image 2.** The anti-FGFR1 Pab (ABIN1882081 and ABIN2841755) is used in Western blot to detect FGFR1 in NIH-3T3 cell lysate.



## **Immunofluorescence**

Image 3. Colocalization of A1B3 and FGFR1 using IF. Confluent ECs (A) or HFFs (B) were treated with or without 100 ng/mL FGF-2 in the presence or absence of 10/mL fibrinogen. After 1 hour, cells were washed and fixed with 3.7 % formaldehyde and stained using 10/mL FGFR1 and 7E3 antibody. FGFR is visualized as red fluorescence (i,iv,vii), A1B3 is visualized as green fluorescence (ii,v,viii), and colocalization of FGF-2 and fibrinogen receptors is shown as yellow fluorescence (iii,vi,ix). Insets represent the background staining for red (i) and green (ii) fluorescence. Bars represent 25.

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 4 images are available for ABIN1882081.