

## Datasheet for ABIN1945462 **IL12 Protein (AA 23-219, AA 23-328)**



## Overview

Quantity:	50 μg
Target:	IL12
Protein Characteristics:	AA 23-219, AA 23-328
Origin:	Human
Source:	Human Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant

## Product Details

Purpose:	Recombinant Human Interleukin-12 /IL-12
Sequence:	RNLPVATPDP GMFPCLHHSQ NLLRAVSNML QKARQTLEFY PCTSEEIDHE DITKDKTSTV
	EACLPLELTK NESCLNSRET SFITNGSCLA SRKTSFMMAL CLSSIYEDLK MYQVEFKTMN
	AKLLMDPKRQ IFLDQNMLAV IDELMQALNF NSETVPQKSS LEEPDFYKTK IKLCILLHAF
	RIRAVTIDRV MSYLNAS&IWELKKDVYV VELDWYPDAP GEMVVLTCDT PEEDGITWTL
	DQSSEVLGSG KTLTIQVKEF GDAGQYTCHK GGEVLSHSLL LLHKKEDGIW STDILKDQKE
	PKNKTFLRCE AKNYSGRFTC WWLTTISTDL TFSVKSSRGS SDPQGVTCGA ATLSAERVRG
	DNKEYEYSVE CQEDSACPAA EESLPIEVMV DAVHKLKYEN YTSSFFIRDI IKPDPPKNLQ
	LKPLKNSRQV EVSWEYPDTW STPHSYFSLT FCVQVQGKSK REKKDRVFTD KTSATVICRK
	NASISVRAQD RYYSSSWSEW ASVPCS
Characteristics:	Recombinant Human IL-12 is produced by our mammalian expression system in human cells
	The target protein is expressed with sequence (AA 23-219&AA 23-&II) of Human IL-12 .
Purity:	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Sterility:	0.2 μm filtered

Product Details	
Endotoxin Level:	Less than 0.1 ng/μg (1 IEU/μg) as determined by LAL test
Target Details	
Target:	IL12
Alternative Name:	Interleukin-12 (IL12 Products)
Background:	IL-12 is involved in the differentiation of naive T cells into Th1 cells. It is known as a T cell-stimulating factor, which can stimulate the growth and function of T cells. It stimulates the production of interferon-gamma (IFN-γ) and tumor necrosis factor-alpha (TNF-α) from T cells and natural killer (NK) cells, and reduces IL-4 mediated suppression of IFN-γ. T cells that produce IL-12 have a coreceptor, CD30, which is associated with IL-12 activity.IL-12 plays an important role in the activities of natural killer cells and T lymphocytes. IL-12 mediates enhancement of the cytotoxic activity of NK cells and CD8+ cytotoxic T lymphocytes.
Molecular Weight:	22.5&34.7 kDa
Pathways:	JAK-STAT Signaling, TLR Signaling, Cellular Response to Molecule of Bacterial Origin, Regulation of Leukocyte Mediated Immunity, Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process, Activated T Cell Proliferation, Cancer Immune Checkpoints, Inflammasome
Application Details	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 µg/mL.  Dissolve the lyophilized protein in ddH20.  Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Buffer:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
Handling Advice:	Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C/-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 week Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days.

Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.