

Datasheet for ABIN2169710  
**anti-ALOX15 antibody (AA 581-662)**[Go to Product page](#)

## 1 Publication

## Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	ALOX15
Binding Specificity:	AA 581-662
Reactivity:	Human, Rat, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This ALOX15 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	ELISA, Flow Cytometry (FACS), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))

## Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ALOX15/15 Lipoyxygenase 1
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Cow,Pig
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

## Target Details

Target:	ALOX15
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## Target Details

Alternative Name:	15 Lipoxygenase 1 ( <a href="#">ALOX15 Products</a> )
Background:	<p>Synonyms: 12-LOX, 15LOX-1, 15-LOX-1, Arachidonate 15-lipoxygenase, 15-LOX, 12/15-lipoxygenase, Arachidonate 12-lipoxygenase, leukocyte-type, Arachidonate omega-6 lipoxygenase, ALOX15, LOG15</p> <p>Background: Non-heme iron-containing dioxygenase that catalyzes the stereo-specific peroxidation of free and esterified polyunsaturated fatty acids generating a spectrum of bioactive lipid mediators. Converts arachidonic acid into 12-hydroperoxyeicosatetraenoic acid/12-HPETE and 15-hydroperoxyeicosatetraenoic acid/15-HPETE. Also converts linoleic acid to 13-hydroperoxyoctadecadienoic acid. May also act on (12S)-hydroperoxyeicosatetraenoic acid/(12S)-HPETE to produce hepoxilin A3. Probably plays an important role in the immune and inflammatory responses. Through the oxygenation of membrane-bound phosphatidylethanolamine in macrophages may favor clearance of apoptotic cells during inflammation by resident macrophages and prevent an autoimmune response associated with the clearance of apoptotic cells by inflammatory monocytes. In parallel, may regulate actin polymerization which is crucial for several biological processes, including macrophage function. May also regulate macrophage function through regulation of the peroxisome proliferator activated receptor signaling pathway. Finally, it is also involved in the cellular response to IL13/interleukin-13. In addition to its role in the immune and inflammatory responses, may play a role in epithelial wound healing in the cornea maybe through production of lipoxin A4. May also play a role in endoplasmic reticulum stress response and the regulation of bone mass.</p>
Gene ID:	246
UniProt:	<a href="#">P16050</a>
Pathways:	<a href="#">Regulation of Actin Filament Polymerization</a>

## Application Details

Application Notes:	ELISA 1:500-1000 FCM 1:20-100 IHC-P 1:200-400 IHC-F 1:100-500 IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200 IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200 IF(ICC) 1:50-200
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

## Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 µg/µL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS( pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months

## Publications

Product cited in:	Francos-Quijorna, Amo-Aparicio, Martinez-Muriana, López-Vales: "IL-4 drives microglia and macrophages toward a phenotype conducive for tissue repair and functional recovery after spinal cord injury." in: <b>Glia</b> , Vol. 64, Issue 12, pp. 2079-2092, (2016) ( <a href="#">PubMed</a> ).
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