

Datasheet for ABIN2174129

anti-FGFR1 antibody (pTyr766) (AbBy Fluor® 647)



Overview

Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	FGFR1
Binding Specificity:	pTyr766
Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This FGFR1 antibody is conjugated to AbBy Fluor® 647
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)),
	Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc))
Product Details	
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human FGFR1 around the
	phosphorylation site of Tyr766
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Dog,Cow,Pig,Horse,Chicken
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.
Target Details	
Target:	FGFR1

Target Details

Alternative Name:	FGFR1 (FGFR1 Products)
Background:	Synonyms: FGFR1 phospho Y766, p-FGFR1 phospho Y766, FGFR1 Tyr766, P-FLG Tyr766,FLG
	Tyr766,FGF Receptor 1, bFGF R, BFGFR, C FGR, CD 331, CD331, CD331 antigen, CEK, FGFBR,
	FGFR 1, FGFR1, Fibroblast growth factor receptor 1, FLG, FLG protein, FLJ14326, FLT 2, FLT2,
	Fms like tyrosine kinase 2, Fms related tyrosine kinase 2, Fms related tyrosine kinase 2 Pfefer
	syndrome, H2, H3, H4, H5, HBGFR, Heparin binding growth factor receptor, Hydroxyaryl protein
	kinase, KAL 2, KAL2, MFR, N SAM, N sam tyrosine kinase, Protein tyrosine kinase,
	Tyrosylprotein kinase, Basic fibroblast growth factor receptor 1.
	Background: Fibroblast growth factors (FGFs) produce mitogenic and angiogenic effects in
	target cells by signaling through the cellular surface tyrosine kinase receptors. There are four
	members of the FGF receptor family: FGFR-1 (flg), FGFR-2 (bek, KGFR), FGFR-3 and FGFR-4.
	Each receptor contains an extracellular ligand binding domain, a transmembrane region and a
	cytoplasmic kinase domain (1). Following ligand binding and dimerization, the receptors are
	phosphorylated at specific tyrosine residues (2). Seven tyrosine residues in the cytoplasmic tai
	of FGFR-1 can be phosphorylated: Tyr463, Tyr583, Tyr585, Tyr653, Tyr654, Tyr730 and Tyr766.
	Tyrosine 653 and 654 are important for catalytic activity of the activated FGFR and are
	essential for signaling (3). The other phosphorylated tyrosine residues may provide docking
	sites for downstream signaling components such as Crk and PLCgamma.
Gene ID:	2260
Pathways:	RTK Signaling, Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway, EGFR Signaling Pathway, Neurotrophin
	Signaling Pathway, Sensory Perception of Sound, Stem Cell Maintenance, S100 Proteins
Application Details	
Application Notes:	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200
	IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200
	IF(ICC) 1:50-200
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and

Handling

Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months