

Datasheet for ABIN2174134
anti-FGFR1 antibody (pTyr766) (Cy7)



[Go to Product page](#)

Overview

Quantity:	100 µL
Target:	FGFR1
Binding Specificity:	pTyr766
Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This FGFR1 antibody is conjugated to Cy7
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc))

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide derived from human FGFR1 around the phosphorylation site of Tyr766
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse, Rat
Predicted Reactivity:	Human,Dog,Cow,Pig,Horse,Chicken
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target:	FGFR1
---------	-------

Target Details

Alternative Name:	FGFR1 (FGFR1 Products)
Background:	Synonyms: FGFR1 phospho Y766, p-FGFR1 phospho Y766, FGFR1 Tyr766, P-FLG Tyr766, FLG Tyr766, FGF Receptor 1, bFGF R, BFGFR, C FGR, CD 331, CD331, CD331 antigen, CEK, FGFR, FGFR 1, FGFR1, Fibroblast growth factor receptor 1, FLG, FLG protein, FLJ14326, FLT 2, FLT2, Fms like tyrosine kinase 2, Fms related tyrosine kinase 2, Fms related tyrosine kinase 2 Pfefer syndrome, H2, H3, H4, H5, HBGFR, Heparin binding growth factor receptor, Hydroxyaryl protein kinase, KAL 2, KAL2, MFR, N SAM, N sam tyrosine kinase, Protein tyrosine kinase, Tyrosylprotein kinase, Basic fibroblast growth factor receptor 1. Background: Fibroblast growth factors (FGFs) produce mitogenic and angiogenic effects in target cells by signaling through the cellular surface tyrosine kinase receptors. There are four members of the FGF receptor family: FGFR-1 (flg), FGFR-2 (bek, KGFR), FGFR-3 and FGFR-4. Each receptor contains an extracellular ligand binding domain, a transmembrane region and a cytoplasmic kinase domain (1). Following ligand binding and dimerization, the receptors are phosphorylated at specific tyrosine residues (2). Seven tyrosine residues in the cytoplasmic tail of FGFR-1 can be phosphorylated: Tyr463, Tyr583, Tyr585, Tyr653, Tyr654, Tyr730 and Tyr766. Tyrosine 653 and 654 are important for catalytic activity of the activated FGFR and are essential for signaling (3). The other phosphorylated tyrosine residues may provide docking sites for downstream signaling components such as Crk and PLCgamma.
Gene ID:	2260
Pathways:	RTK Signaling , Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway , EGFR Signaling Pathway , Neurotrophin Signaling Pathway , Sensory Perception of Sound , Stem Cell Maintenance , S100 Proteins

Application Details

Application Notes:	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200 IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200 IF(ICC) 1:50-200
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 µg/µL
Buffer:	Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.

Handling

Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months