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anti-IRAK4 antibody (pThr345)

Images



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Overview	
Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	IRAK4
Binding Specificity:	pThr345
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This IRAK4 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro))
Product Details	
Immunogen:	KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human IRAK4 around the
	phosphorylation site of Thr345

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human IRAK4 around the phosphorylation site of Thr345
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse
Predicted Reactivity:	Rat,Dog,Cow,Sheep,Pig,Rabbit,Guinea Pig
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.

Target Details

Target: IRAK4

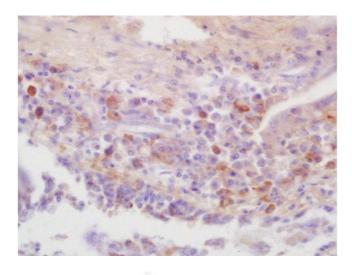
Target Details

Alternative Name:	IRAK4 (IRAK4 Products)
Background:	Synonyms: IPD1, REN64, IRAK-4, NY-REN-64, Interleukin-1 receptor-associated kinase 4, Renal
	carcinoma antigen NY-REN-64, IRAK4
	Background: Serine/threonine-protein kinase that plays a critical role in initiating innate immune
	response against foreign pathogens. Involved in Toll-like receptor (TLR) and IL-1R signaling
	pathways. Is rapidly recruited by MYD88 to the receptor-signaling complex upon TLR activation
	to form the Myddosome together with IRAK2. Phosphorylates initially IRAK1, thus stimulating
	the kinase activity and intensive autophosphorylation of IRAK1. Phosphorylates E3 ubiquitin
	ligases Pellino proteins (PELI1, PELI2 and PELI3) to promote pellino-mediated
	polyubiquitination of IRAK1. Then, the ubiquitin-binding domain of IKBKG/NEMO binds to
	polyubiquitinated IRAK1 bringing together the IRAK1-MAP3K7/TAK1-TRAF6 complex and the
	NEMO-IKKA-IKKB complex. In turn, MAP3K7/TAK1 activates IKKs (CHUK/IKKA and
	IKBKB/IKKB) leading to NF-kappa-B nuclear translocation and activation. Alternatively,
	phosphorylates TIRAP to promote its ubiquitination and subsequent degradation.
	Phosphorylates NCF1 and regulates NADPH oxidase activation after LPS stimulation
	suggesting a similar mechanism during microbial infections.
Gene ID:	51135
UniProt:	Q9NWZ3
Pathways:	NF-kappaB Signaling, TLR Signaling, Activation of Innate immune Response, Toll-Like
	Receptors Cascades
Application Details	
Application Notes:	WB 1:300-5000
	ELISA 1:500-1000
	IHC-P 1:200-400
	IHC-F 1:100-500
	IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200
	IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200
	IF(ICC) 1:50-200
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	

Handling

Concentration:	1 μg/μL
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.
Preservative:	ProClin
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	12 months

Images



Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 1. Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded human lung carcinoma labeled with Rabbit Anti-IRAK4(Thr345) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (ABIN2177052) at 1:200 followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DAB staining

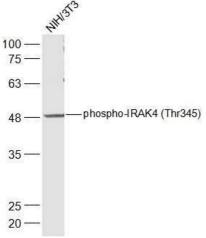


Image 2. NIH/3T3 lysates probed with IRAK4 (Thr345) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated at 1:500 dilution and 4°C overnight incubation. Followed by conjugated secondary antibody incubation at 1:10000 for 60 min at 37°C.