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# **CD86 Protein (CD86) (AA 26-247) (His tag)**

3 Images



# Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	CD86
Protein Characteristics:	AA 26-247
Origin:	Human
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Biological Activity:	Active
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This CD86 protein is labelled with His tag.

## **Product Details**

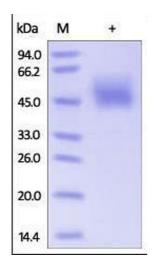
Sequence:	AA 26-247
Characteristics:	This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus. The protein has a calculated MW of 26.7 kDa. The protein migrates as 43-60 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.
Purity:	>95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Sterility:	0.22 μm filtered
Endotoxin Level:	Less than 1.0 EU per μg by the LAL method.

# Target Details

Target: CD86

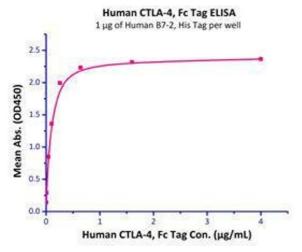
# **Target Details**

Alternative Name:	B7-2 (CD86 Products)
Background:	Cluster of Differentiation 86 (CD86) is also known as B-lymphocyte activation antigen B7-2, is a
	type I membrane protein that is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily, and is
	constitutively expressed on interdigitating dendritic cells, Langerhans cells, peripheral blood
	dendritic cells, memory B cells, and germinal center B cells. Additionally, B72 is expressed at
	low levels on monocytes and can be upregulated through interferon γ. CD86 is the ligand for
	two different proteins on the T cell surface: CD28 (for autoregulation and intercellular
	association) and CTLA-4 (for attenuation of regulation and cellular disassociation). CD86 works
	in tandem with CD80 to prime T cells. Recent study has revealed that B7-2 promotes the
	generation of a mature APC repertoire and promotes APC function and survival. Furthermore,
	the B7 proteins are also involved in innate immune responses by activating NF-кВ-signaling
	pathway in macrophages. CD86 thus is regarded as a promising candidate for immune therapy
	CD86+ macrophages in Hodgkin lymphoma patients are an independent marker for potential
	nonresponse to firstline-therapy.
Molecular Weight:	26.2 kDa
Pathways:	TCR Signaling, Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway, EGFR Signaling Pathway, Neurotrophin
	Signaling Pathway, Activation of Innate immune Response, Cellular Response to Molecule of
	Bacterial Origin, Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process, Activated T Cell Proliferation
Application Details	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Lyophilized
Buffer:	PBS, pH 7.4
Handling Advice:	Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	No activity loss was observed after storage at: In lyophilized state for 1 year (4 °C), After
	reconstitution under sterile conditions for 3 months (-70 °C).



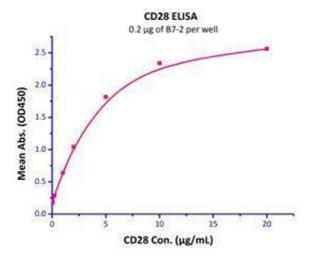
### **SDS-PAGE**

**Image 1.** Human B7-2, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained overnight with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.



### **Binding Studies**

Image 2. Immobilized Human B7-2, His Tag (Cat# CD6-H5223) at 10  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ I/well), can bind Human CTLA-4, Fc Tag (Cat# CT4-H5255) with a linear range of 0.04-0.3  $\mu$ g/mL.



## **Binding Studies**

Image 3. Immobilized Human B7-2, His Tag (Cat# CD6-H5223) at  $2\mu g/mL$  (100  $\mu l/well$ ),can bind Human CD28, Fc Tag (Cat# CD8-H5257) with a linear of 0.01-5  $\mu g/mL$ .