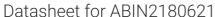
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CD86 Protein (CD86) (AA 26-247) (Fc Tag)

Images



Publication



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Quantity:	200 μg
Target:	CD86
Protein Characteristics:	AA 26-247
Origin:	Human
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Biological Activity:	Active
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This CD86 protein is labelled with Fc Tag.

Product Details

Sequence:	AA 26-247
Characteristics:	This protein carries a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus. The protein has a calculated MW of 51.5 kDa. As a result of glycosylation, the protein migrates as 66-100 kDa under reducing (R) condition, and 120-140 kDa under non-reducing (NR) condition (SDS-PAGE).
Purity:	>95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.
Sterility:	0.22 μm filtered
Endotoxin Level:	Less than 1.0 EU per μg by the LAL method.

Target Details

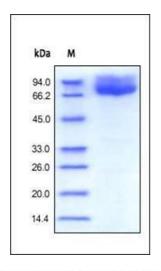
Target: **CD86**

Target Details

Alternative Name:	B7-2 (CD86 Products)	
Background:	Cluster of Differentiation 86 (CD86) is also known as B-lymphocyte activation antigen B7-2, is a	
	type I membrane protein that is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily, and is	
	constitutively expressed on interdigitating dendritic cells, Langerhans cells, peripheral blood	
	dendritic cells, memory B cells, and germinal center B cells. Additionally, B72 is expressed at	
	low levels on monocytes and can be upregulated through interferon γ. CD86 is the ligand for	
	two different proteins on the T cell surface: CD28 (for autoregulation and intercellular	
	association) and CTLA-4 (for attenuation of regulation and cellular disassociation). CD86 works	
	in tandem with CD80 to prime T cells. Recent study has revealed that B7-2 promotes the	
	generation of a mature APC repertoire and promotes APC function and survival. Furthermore,	
	the B7 proteins are also involved in innate immune responses by activating NF-ĸB-signaling	
	pathway in macrophages. CD86 thus is regarded as a promising candidate for immune therapy	
	CD86+ macrophages in Hodgkin lymphoma patients are an independent marker for potential	
	nonresponse to firstline-therapy.	
Molecular Weight:	51.5 kDa	
Pathways:	TCR Signaling, Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway, EGFR Signaling Pathway, Neurotrophin	
	Signaling Pathway, Activation of Innate immune Response, Cellular Response to Molecule of	
	Bacterial Origin, Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process, Activated T Cell Proliferation	
Application Details		
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Lyophilized	
Buffer:	Tris with Glycine, Arginine and NaCl, pH 7.5	
Handling Advice:	Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	
Storage:	-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	No activity loss was observed after storage at: In lyophilized state for 1 year (4 °C), After	
	reconstitution under sterile conditions for 3 months (-70 $^{\circ}$ C).	
Publications		
	Gmyrek, Pingel, Choi, Green: "Functional analysis of acquired CD28 mutations identified in	

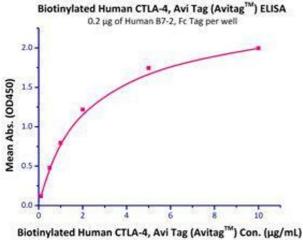
cutaneous T cell lymphoma." in: Cellular immunology, Vol. 319, pp. 28-34, (2017) (PubMed).

Images



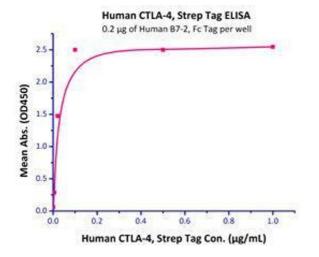
SDS-PAGE

Image 1. Human B7-2, Fc Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) and no-reducing (NR) conditions. The gel was stained overnight with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.



Binding Studies

Image 2. Immobilized Human B7-2, Fc Tag with a linear range of $0.1 - 1 \mu g/mL$.



Binding Studies

Image 3. Immobilized Human B7-2, Fc Tag with a linear range of 1-20 ng/mL.