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anti-Lipoteichoic Acid antibody



Publications



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| Quantity: | 200 μg | |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Target: | Lipoteichoic Acid (LTA) | |
| Host: | Mouse | |
| Clonality: | Monoclonal | |
| Application: | Immunofluorescence (IF), Western Blotting (WB), Flow Cytometry (FACS), Immunoassay (IA) | |
| Product Details | | |
| Clone: | 55 | |
| Endotoxin Level: | Low endotoxin level | |
| Target Details | | |
| Target: | Lipoteichoic Acid (LTA) | |
| Alternative Name: | Lipoteichoic Acid (LTA Products) | |
| Target Type: | Chemical | |
| Background: | The monoclonal antibody 55 recognizes lipoteichoic acid (LTA). LTA, a glycerol phosphate surface polymer, is a component of the envelope of Gram-positive bacteria. LTA is anchored via its glycolipids to the membrane and carries a polysaccharide chain extending into the peptidoglycan layer of the cell wall. LTA is released spontaneously into the culture medium during growth of gram-positive bacteria. LTA functions as an immune activator with characteristics very similar to lipopolysaccharide (LPS) from Gram-negative bacteria. LTA binds to CD14 and triggers activation predominantly via Toll-like receptor 2. Although LTA is | |

internalized and traffics to the Golgi, the cellular activation in response to LTA occurs at the cell

| surface. 1 Immunogen Microbial mixture of Streptococcus sobrims HG961, HG962, HG970, |
|--|
| and HG977 |

Application Details

| Application Notes: | For Western blotting, dilutions to be used depend on detection system applied. It is | |
|--------------------|--|--|
| | recommended that users test the reagent and determine their own optimal dilutions. The | |
| | typical starting working dilution is 1:50. 1 | |
| | | |

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

| Buffer: | 1 mL(> 200 µg/mL) culture medium with a low endotoxin level containing 0.02 % sodium azide. |
|--------------------|--|
| Preservative: | Sodium azide |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | 4 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Product should be stored at 4 °C. Under recommended storage conditions, product is stable for |

at least one year. The exact expiry date is indicated on the label.

Publications

Product cited in:

Nogee, Dunbar, Wert, Askin, Hamvas, Whitsett: "A mutation in the surfactant protein C gene associated with familial interstitial lung disease." in: **The New England journal of medicine**, Vol. 344, Issue 8, pp. 573-9, (2001) (PubMed).

Ross, Ikegami, Steinhilber, Jobe: "Surfactant protein C in fetal and ventilated preterm rabbit lungs." in: **The American journal of physiology**, Vol. 277, Issue 6 Pt 1, pp. L1104-8, (2000) (PubMed).

Nogee, Wert, Proffit, Hull, Whitsett: "Allelic heterogeneity in hereditary surfactant protein B (SPB) deficiency." in: **American journal of respiratory and critical care medicine**, Vol. 161, Issue 3 Pt 1, pp. 973-81, (2000) (PubMed).

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