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## anti-TNFRSF1A antibody (AA 20-43) (Atto 594)





Go to Product page

| $\sim$ |      |       |            |
|--------|------|-------|------------|
|        | IV/E | ۱//۱۲ | $I \cap V$ |

| Quantity:            | 100 μg  |  |
|----------------------|---|--|
| Target:              | TNFRSF1A  |  |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 20-43  |  |
| Reactivity:          | Mouse   |  |
| Host:                | Rabbit  |  |
| Clonality:           | Polyclonal  |  |
| Conjugate:           | This TNFRSF1A antibody is conjugated to Atto 594  |  |
| Application:         | Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)                       |  |
| Product Details      |   |  |
| Immunogen:           | Peptide corresponding to AA 20-43 of the mouse TNF-R1 sequence, identical to rat and human over those residues  |  |
| Specificity:         | Detects $\sim$ 55 kDa. Other bands present may be the result of oligomerization, self-aggregation and/or cleavage of the TNF-R1 extracellular domain. |  |
| Cross-Reactivity:    | Cow, Dog, Human, Monkey, Mouse, Rabbit, Rat   |  |
| Purification:        | Peptide Affinity Purified   |  |
| Target Details       |   |  |
| Target:              | TNFRSF1A  |  |
| Alternative Name:    | TNFR1 (TNFRSF1A Products)   |  |
|                      |   |  |

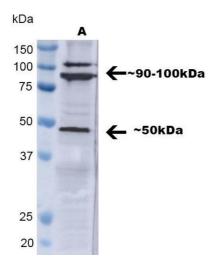
### Target Details

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|---------------------|---|--|
| Background:         | The Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor (TNFR) also known as Cluster of differentiation (CD120) is a protein that belongs to the (TNF)/ (TNFR) superfamily. TNF interacts with two distinct receptors TNFR1 and TNFR2. These receptors share no homology on their cytoplasmic sequences(1,3).TNFR1 also known as p55/p60 is a high affinity receptor for TNF-a. The TNFR1 has an extracellular domain with variable numbers of cysteine-rich repeats. The functional properties of TNFR1 are targets in new therapies for osteoporosis, chronic inflammatory and autoimmune diseases (1, 2). The TNF-a/TNFR1 receptor complex is responsible for the recruitment and the subsequent activation of the caspase (aspartate-specific cysteine proteases) that regulate apoptosis. |  |
| Gene ID:            | 8666  |  |
| UniProt:            | P19438  |  |
| Pathways:           | NF-kappaB Signaling, Apoptosis, Caspase Cascade in Apoptosis, Hepatitis C, Ubiquitin Proteasome Pathway   |  |
| Application Details |   |  |
| Application Notes:  | <ul> <li>WB (1:1000)</li> <li>IHC (1:100)</li> <li>ICC/IF (1:100)</li> <li>optimal dilutions for assays should be determined by the user.</li> </ul>  |  |
| Comment:            | 1 μg/ml of ABIN2482030 was sufficient for detection of TNFR1 in 20 μg of Hela lysate by colorimetric immunoblot analysis using Goat anti-rabbit IgG:HRP as the secondary antibody.  |  |
| Restrictions:       | For Research Use only   |  |
| Handling            |   |  |
| Format:             | Liquid  |  |
| Concentration:      | 1 mg/mL   |  |
| Buffer:             | PBS pH 7.4, 50 % glycerol, 0.09 % sodium azide, Storage buffer may change when conjugated   |  |
| Preservative:       | Sodium azide  |  |
| Precaution of Use:  | This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.  |  |
| Storage:            | 4 °C  |  |
|                     |   |  |

Storage Comment:

Conjugated antibodies should be stored at 4°C

#### **Images**

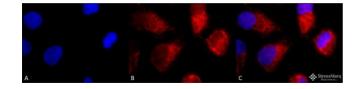


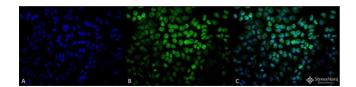
#### **Western Blotting**

Image 1. Western blot analysis of Human A549 showing detection of ~ 50 kDa TNF-R1 protein using Rabbit Anti-TNF-R1 Polyclonal Antibody (ABIN2482030). Lane 1: MW Ladder, Lane 2: A549. Load: 30 µg. Block: 5 % BSA in TBST. Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-TNF-R1 Polyclonal Antibody (ABIN2482030) at 1:1000 for 2 hours at RT with shaking. Secondary Antibody: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG: HRP at 1:4000 for 1 hour at RT with shaking. Color Development: Chemiluminescent for HRP (Moss) for 5 min in RT. Predicted/Observed Size: ~ 50 kDa. Other Band(s): ~90-100 kDa. Other bands can be explained by a few factors, such as oligomerization, self-aggregation, cleavage of the TNFR1 extracellular domain, etc.( Literature references: doi: 10.3389/fcell.2020.615141, 10.1128/MCB.22.8.2536-2543.2002, 10.1073/pnas.0307981100).

#### Immunofluorescence (fixed cells)

Image 2. Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis using Rabbit Anti-TNF-R1 Polyclonal Antibody. Tissue: HeLa Cells. Species: Human. Fixation: 2% Formaldehyde for 20 min at RT. Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-TNF-R1 Polyclonal Antibody at 1:100 for 12 hours at 4°C. Secondary Antibody: APC Goat Anti-Rabbit (red) at 1:200 for 2 hours at RT. Counterstain: DAPI (blue) nuclear stain at 1:40000 for 2 hours at RT. Localization: Golgi apparatus membrane. Magnification: 100x. (A) DAPI (blue) nuclear stain. (B) Anti-TNF-R1 Antibody. (C) Composite.





#### Immunofluorescence (fixed cells)

Image 3. Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis using Rabbit Anti-TNF-R1 Polyclonal Antibody. Tissue: HeLa Cells. Species: Human. Fixation: 2% Formaldehyde for 20 min at RT. Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-TNF-R1 Polyclonal Antibody at 1:100 for 12 hours at 4°C. Secondary Antibody: FITC Goat Anti-Rabbit (green) at 1:200 for 2 hours at RT. Counterstain: DAPI (blue) nuclear stain at 1:40000 for 2 hours at RT. Localization: Golgi apparatus membrane. Magnification: 20x. (A) DAPI (blue) nuclear stain. (B) Anti-TNF-R1 Antibody. (C) Composite.

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 6 images are available for ABIN2482030.