

Datasheet for ABIN2484278

anti-HMOX1 antibody (Atto 488)[Go to Product page](#)**4** Images

Overview

Quantity:	100 µg
Target:	HMOX1
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This HMOX1 antibody is conjugated to Atto 488
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Immunofluorescence (IF)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Human heme-oxygenase (HO-1) synthetic multiple antigenic peptide
Specificity:	Detects ~32 kDa.
Cross-Reactivity:	Dog, Human, Mouse, Rat
Purification:	Protein A Purified

Target Details

Target:	HMOX1
Alternative Name:	HO-1 (HMOX1 Products)
Background:	Heme-oxygenase is a ubiquitous enzyme that catalyzes the initial and rate-limiting steps in heme catabolism yielding equimolar amounts of biliverdin, iron and carbon monoxide. Biliverdin is subsequently converted to bilirubin and the free iron is sequestered to ferritin (1). These

Target Details

products have important physiological effects as carbon monoxide is a potent vasodilator, biliverdin and bilirubin are potent antioxidants, and the free iron increases oxidative stress and regulates the expression of many mRNAs (2). There are three isoforms of heme-oxygenase, HO-1, HO-2 and HO-3, however HO-1 and HO-2 are the major isoforms as they both have been identified in mammals (3). HO-1, also known as heat shock protein 32, is an inducible isoform activated by most oxidative stress inducers, cytokines, inflammatory agents and heat shock. HO-2 is a constitutive isoform which is expressed under homeostatic conditions. HO-1 is also considered to be a cytoprotective factor in that free heme is highly reactive and cytotoxic, and secondly, carbon monoxide is a mediator inhibiting the inflammatory process and bilirubin is a scavenger for reactive oxygen, both of which are the end products of heme catalyzation (4). It has also been shown that HO-1 deficiency may cause reduced stress defense, a pro-inflammatory tendency (5), susceptibility to atherosclerotic lesion formation (6), endothelial cell injury, and growth retardation (7). Up-regulation of HO-1 is therefore said to be one of the major defense mechanisms of oxidative stress (4).

Gene ID: 3162

NCBI Accession: [NP_002124](#)

UniProt: [P09601](#)

Pathways: [Transition Metal Ion Homeostasis](#), [Regulation of Leukocyte Mediated Immunity](#), [Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process](#), [Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response](#), [SARS-CoV-2 Protein Interactome](#)

Application Details

Application Notes:

- WB (1:1000)
- ICC/IF (1:100)
- optimal dilutions for assays should be determined by the user.

Comment: 1 µg/ml of ABIN2484278 was sufficient for detection of HO-1 in 10 µg of heat shocked HeLa cell lysate by colorimetric immunoblot analysis using Goat anti-rabbit IgG:HRP as the secondary antibody.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

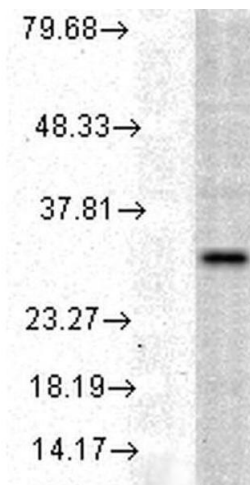
Handling

Format: Liquid

Handling

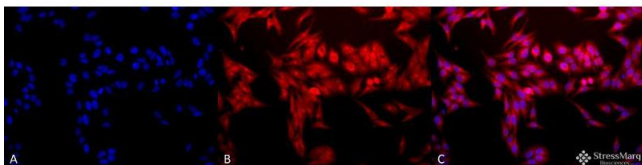
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	PBS pH 7.4, 50 % glycerol, 0.09 % sodium azide, Storage buffer may change when conjugated
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C
Storage Comment:	Conjugated antibodies should be stored at 4°C

Images



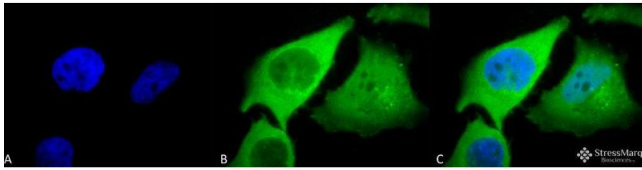
Western Blotting

Image 1. Western blot analysis of Human Cell line lysates showing detection of HO-1 protein using Rabbit Anti-HO-1 Polyclonal Antibody . Load: 15 µg protein. Block: 1.5% BSA. Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-HO-1 Polyclonal Antibody at 1:1000 for 2 hours at RT. Secondary Antibody: Donkey Anti-Rabbit IgG: HRP for 1 hour at RT.



Immunofluorescence (fixed cells)

Image 2. Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis using Rabbit Anti-HO-1 Polyclonal Antibody . Tissue: Heat Shocked HeLa Cells. Species: Human. Fixation: 2% Formaldehyde for 20 min at RT. Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-HO-1 Polyclonal Antibody at 1:100 for 12 hours at 4°C. Secondary Antibody: APC Goat Anti-Rabbit (red) at 1:200 for 2 hours at RT. Counterstain: DAPI (blue) nuclear stain at 1:40000 for 2 hours at RT. Localization: Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Cytoplasm. Magnification: 20x. (A) DAPI (blue) nuclear stain. (B) Anti-HO-1 Antibody. (C) Composite. Heat Shocked at 42°C for 1h.



Immunofluorescence (fixed cells)

Image 3. Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis using Rabbit Anti-HO-1 Polyclonal Antibody . Tissue: HeLa Cells. Species: Human. Fixation: 2% Formaldehyde for 20 min at RT. Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-HO-1 Polyclonal Antibody at 1:120 for 12 hours at 4°C. Secondary Antibody: FITC Goat Anti-Rabbit (green) at 1:200 for 2 hours at RT. Counterstain: DAPI (blue) nuclear stain at 1:40000 for 2 hours at RT. Localization: Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Cytoplasm. Magnification: 100x. (A) DAPI (blue) nuclear stain. (B) Anti-HO-1 Antibody. (C) Composite.

Please check the [product details page](#) for more images. Overall 4 images are available for ABIN2484278.