antibodies - online.com







anti-TMEM30A antibody (AA 251-350)

Images



Overview

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	TMEM30A
Binding Specificity:	AA 251-350
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This TMEM30A antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)), Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunohistochemistry (Frozen Sections) (IHC (fro)), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

Product Details

Immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Transmembrane protein 30A	
Isotype:	IgG	
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat	
Predicted Reactivity:	Cow,Pig,Rabbit	
Purification:	Purified by Protein A.	

Target Details

Target:	TMEM30A		
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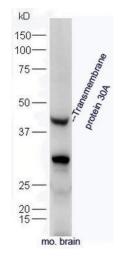
Target Details

Transmembrane protein 30A (TMEM30A Products) Alternative Name: Background: Synonyms: CDC50A, C6orf67, Cell cycle control protein 50A, P4-ATPase flippase complex beta subunit TMEM30A, Transmembrane protein 30A, TMEM30A Background: Accessory component of a P4-ATPase flippase complex which catalyzes the hydrolysis of ATP coupled to the transport of aminophospholipids from the outer to the inner leaflet of various membranes and ensures the maintenance of asymmetric distribution of phospholipids. Phospholipid translocation seems also to be implicated in vesicle formation and in uptake of lipid signaling molecules. The beta subunit may assist in binding of the phospholipid substrate. Required for the proper folding, assembly and ER to Golgi exit of the ATP8A2:TMEM30A flippase complex. ATP8A2:TMEM30A may be involved in regulation of neurite outgrowth, and, reconstituted to liposomes, predomiminantly transports phosphatidylserine (PS) and to a lesser extent phosphatidylethanolamine (PE). The ATP8A1:TMEM30A flippase complex seems to play a role in regulation of cell migration probably involving flippase-mediated translocation of phosphatidylethanolamine (PE) at the plasma membrane. Required for the formation of the ATP8A2, ATP8B1 and ATP8B2 P-type ATPAse intermediate phosphoenzymes. Involved in uptake of platelet-activating factor (PAF), synthetic drug alkylphospholipid edelfosine, and, probably in association with ATP8B1, of perifosine. Also mediate the export of alpha subunits ATP8A1, ATP8B1, ATP8B2, ATP8B4, ATP10A, ATP10B, ATP10D, ATP11A, ATP11B and ATP11C from the ER to other membrane localizations. Gene ID: 55754 UniProt: **Q9NV96 Application Details Application Notes:** WB 1:300-5000 ELISA 1:500-1000 IHC-P 1:200-400 IHC-F 1:100-500 IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200 IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200 IF(ICC) 1:50-200 ICC 1:100-500 Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

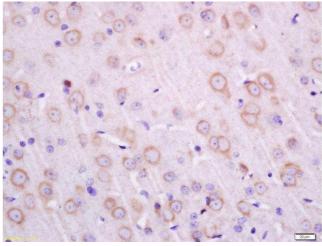
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	1 μg/μL	
Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.02 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.	
Preservative:	ProClin	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only.	
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.	
Expiry Date:	12 months	

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1. Mouse brain lysate probed with Rabbit Anti-Transmembrane Protein 30A Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (ABIN2559505) at 1:300 in 4°C. Followed by conjugation to secondary antibody at 1:5000 for 90min at 37°C.



Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 2. Formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded rat brain labeled with Anti-Transmembrane Protein 30A Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated at 1:200 followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody and DAB staining.