antibodies -online.com







Images



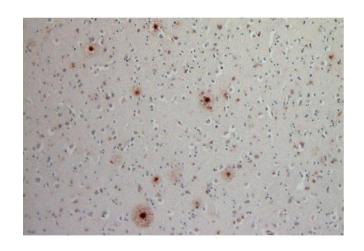
Overview

Quantity:	100 μg
Target:	Abeta 1-42
Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), ELISA
Product Details	
Clone:	295F2
Isotype:	lgG2a
Purification:	purfied IgG
Target Details	
Target:	Abeta 1-42
Alternative Name:	Abeta 42 (Abeta 1-42 Products)
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Optimal working dilution should be determined by the investigator. This product is not tested in
	IP yet. This product is not tested in ICC yet.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

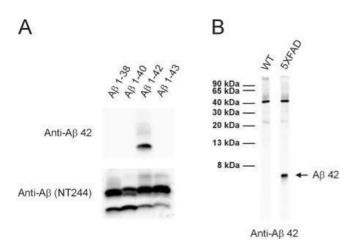
Format:	Lyophilized
Reconstitution:	For reconstitution add 100 µL H2O, then aliquot and store at -20 °C until use.
Buffer:	PBS
Handling Advice:	Do not store diluted antibody solutions unless you add detergent or carrier proteins such as goat serum, BSA or others. IgG sticks to glass and plastic. Any IgG solution below 0.1 mg/mL protein will quickly adsorb and denature and thus loose activity! Repetitive freeze-thawing of dilute purified IgG is almost certain to lead to substantial losses.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Unlabeled antibodies are stable in this form without loss of quality at ambient temperatures for several weeks or even months. They can be stored at 4 °C for several years.

Images



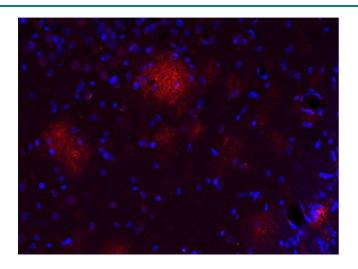
Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 1. Indirect immunostaining of a PFA fixed, formic acid trated paraffin embedded cortex section from a sporadic Alzheimer's disease patient (dilution 1 : 200). Immunoreactivity was revealed using diaminobenzidine as chromagen. Nuclei were counterstained with haematoxylin (blue).



Western Blotting

Image 2. A: ECL detection of different synthetic Abeta species with anti-Abeta 42 (dilution 1 : 1000) and a monoclonal anti-Abeta antibody (clone NT244, cat. no. 218 211). B: Detection of Abeta 1-42 in wild type and 5XFAD mouse cortex lysates (dilution 1 : 1000).



Immunohistochemistry

Image 3. Indirect immunostaining of a PFA fixed formic acid treated brain section from a triple transgenic Alzheimer's disease mouse (dilution 1 : 500; red). Nuclei have been visualized by DAPI staining (blue).