

Datasheet for ABIN2715241

**CRYGS Protein (Myc-DYKDDDDK Tag)**[Go to Product page](#)**1** Image

## Overview

Quantity:	20 µg
Target:	CRYGS
Origin:	Human
Source:	HEK-293 Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This CRYGS protein is labelled with Myc-DYKDDDDK Tag.
Application:	Antibody Production (AbP), Standard (STD)

## Product Details

Characteristics:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Recombinant human Beta-crystallin S protein expressed in HEK293 cells.</li><li>• Produced with end-sequenced ORF clone</li></ul>
Purity:	> 80 % as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining

## Target Details

Target:	CRYGS
Alternative Name:	beta-Crystallin S ( <a href="#">CRYGS Products</a> )
Background:	Crystallins are separated into two classes: taxon-specific, or enzyme, and ubiquitous. The latter class constitutes the major proteins of vertebrate eye lens and maintains the transparency and refractive index of the lens. Since lens central fiber cells lose their nuclei during development, these crystallins are made and then retained throughout life, making them extremely stable proteins. Mammalian lens crystallins are divided into alpha, beta, and gamma families beta and

## Target Details

gamma crystallins are also considered as a superfamily. Alpha and beta families are further divided into acidic and basic groups. Seven protein regions exist in crystallins: four homologous motifs, a connecting peptide, and N- and C-terminal extensions. Gamma-crystallins are a homogeneous group of highly symmetrical, monomeric proteins typically lacking connecting peptides and terminal extensions. They are differentially regulated after early development. This gene encodes a protein initially considered to be a beta-crystallin but the encoded protein is monomeric and has greater sequence similarity to other gamma-crystallins. This gene encodes the most significant gamma-crystallin in adult eye lens tissue. Whether due to aging or mutations in specific genes, gamma-crystallins have been involved in cataract formation.

Molecular Weight: 20.8 kDa

NCBI Accession: [NP\\_060011](#)

## Application Details

Application Notes: Recombinant human proteins can be used for:  
Native antigens for optimized antibody production  
Positive controls in ELISA and other antibody assays

Comment: The tag is located at the C-terminal.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

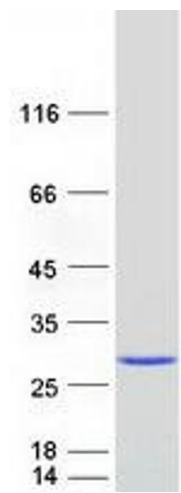
## Handling

Concentration: 50 µg/mL

Buffer: 25 mM Tris.HCl, pH 7.3, 100 mM glycine, 10 % glycerol.

Storage: -80 °C

Storage Comment: Store at -80°C. Thaw on ice, aliquot to individual single-use tubes, and then re-freeze immediately. Only 2-3 freeze thaw cycles are recommended.



Western Blotting

Image 1. Validation with Western Blot