

## Datasheet for ABIN2726159

## **MMP2 Protein (Transcript Variant 1)**

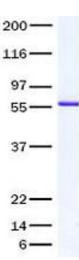




Overview	
Quantity:	10 μg
Target:	MMP2
Protein Characteristics:	Transcript Variant 1
Origin:	Human
Source:	Escherichia coli (E. coli)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Biological Activity:	Active
Application:	Functional Studies (Func), Antibody Production (AbP), Standard (STD), Protein Interaction (PI)
Product Details	
Specificity:	Optimal preservation of protein structure, post-translational modifications and functions.
Characteristics:	<ul> <li>Recombinant human MMP-2 (transcript variant 1) protein expressed in E. coli.</li> <li>Produced with end-sequenced ORF clone</li> <li>Tested for bioactivity.</li> </ul>
Purity:	> 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining
Endotoxin Level:	Endotoxin level is <0.1 ng/μg of protein (<1EU/μg).
Biological Activity Comment:	MMP-2 activity was measured by its ability to cleave a chromogenic peptide MMP-2 substrate at room temperature. At an MMP-2 concentration of 2.5 ug/mL, 50% cleavage was achieved at

## Target Details

Target:	MMP2
Alternative Name:	Mmp-2 (MMP2 Products)
Background:	This gene is a member of the matrix metalloproteinase (MMP) gene family, that are zinc-
	dependent enzymes capable of cleaving components of the extracellular matrix and molecules
	involved in signal transduction. The protein encoded by this gene is a gelatinase A, type IV
	collagenase, that contains three fibronectin type II repeats in its catalytic site that allow binding
	of denatured type IV and V collagen and elastin. Unlike most MMP family members, activation
	of this protein can occur on the cell membrane. This enzyme can be activated extracellularly by
	proteases, or, intracellulary by its S-glutathiolation with no requirement for proteolytical removal
	of the pro-domain. This protein is thought to be involved in multiple pathways including roles in
	the nervous system, endometrial menstrual breakdown, regulation of vascularization, and
	metastasis. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Winchester syndrome and
	Nodulosis-Arthropathy-Osteolysis (NAO) syndrome. Alternative splicing results in multiple
	transcript variants encoding different isoforms.
Molecular Weight:	62 kDa
NCBI Accession:	NP_004521
Pathways:	Activation of Innate immune Response
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Recombinant human proteins can be used for:
	Native antigens for optimized antibody production
	Positive controls in ELISA and other antibody assays
	Protein-protein interaction
	In vitro biochemical assays and cell-based functional assays
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Buffer:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µM filtered solution of 20 mM phosphate buffer,100 mM NaCl, pH 7.2
Handling Advice:	Resuspend the protein in the desired concentration in proper buffer
Storage:	-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -80°C. Thaw on ice, aliquot to individual single-use tubes, and then re-freeze
	immediately. Only 2-3 freeze thaw cycles are recommended.



## **Western Blotting**

Image 1. Validation with Western Blot