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anti-CD16 antibody

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Publications



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Overview

Quantity:	0.1 mg
Target:	CD16
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Mouse
Clonality:	Monoclonal
Conjugate:	This CD16 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Flow Cytometry (FACS), Immunoprecipitation (IP), Western Blotting (WB), Functional Studies (Func)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Human granulocytes
Clone:	MEM-154
Isotype:	lgG1
Specificity:	The antibody MEM-154 reacts with an extracellular epitope on CD16 antigen that is residing in proximity to FG loop (probably BC or C'E loop). CD16 is a low affinity receptor for aggregated IgG (FcgammaRIII antigen). The antibody MEM-154 reacts with CD16+ granulocytes, and it can be used for mapping CD16-158V/F polymorphism on NK cells, as it requires presence of V at amino acid 158.
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Human
Purification:	Purified by protein-A affinity chromatography.
Purity:	> 95 % (by SDS-PAGE)

Product Details	
Endotoxin Level:	Endotoxin level is less than 0.01 EU/µg of the protein, as determined by the LAL test.
Target Details	
Target:	CD16
Alternative Name:	CD16 (CD16 Products)
Background:	CD16 (FcgammaRIII) is a 50-65 kDa glycoprotein serving as a low affinity IgG receptor. Human FcgammaRIII is expressed in two forms –, FcgammaRIII-A and -B. FcgammaRIII-A is a transmembrane protein of monocytes, macrophages, NK cells and a subset of T cells. It is associated with FcepsilonRI-gamma subunit and is responsible for antibody-dependent NK cell cytotoxicity. Mast cell FcgammaRIII-A is associated, moreover, with FcepsilonRI-beta subunit. Besides IgG, FcgammaRIII-A can be triggered also by oligomeric IgE. FcgammaRIII-B is a GPI-linked monomeric receptor expressed on neutrophils and is involved in their activation and induction of a proadhesive phenotype.,FcgammaRIII, IGFR3, FCRIII
Pathways:	Regulation of Leukocyte Mediated Immunity, Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process
Application Details	
Application Notes:	Functional application: The antibody MEM-154 blocks binding of human IgG to FcyRIII. Flow cytometry: Recommended dilution: 5-10 µg/mL, positive control: PBL (peripheral blood lymphocytes). The antibody MEM-154 does not react with CD16a present on NK cells in many subjects. Western blotting: Non-reducing conditions.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	Phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.4
Preservative:	Azide free
Storage:	4 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze.

Product cited in:

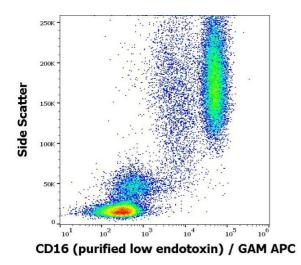
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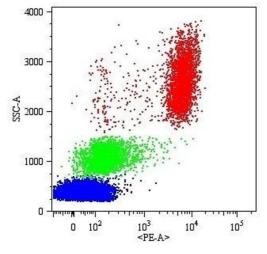
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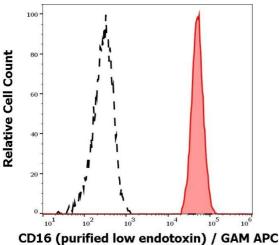
Images



Flow Cytometry

Image 1. Flow cytometry surface staining pattern of human peripheral blood stained using anti-human CD16 (MEM-154) purified antibody (low endotoxin, concentration in sample 2 μg/mL) GAM APC.





Flow Cytometry

Image 2. Surface staining of human peripheral blood cells with anti-human CD16 (MEM-154) PE. The antibody MEM-154 does not react with CD16a present on NK cells in many subjects.

Flow Cytometry

Image 3. Separation of human neutrophil granulocytes (red-filled) from CD16 negative lymphocytes (black-dashed) in flow cytometry analysis (surface staining) of human peripheral whole blood stained using anti-human CD16 (MEM-154) purified antibody (low endotoxin, concentration in sample 2 μ g/mL) GAM APC.