

Datasheet for ABIN2779486

anti-OR13C5 antibody (N-Term)





Overview

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Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	OR13C5
Binding Specificity:	N-Term
Reactivity:	Human, Rat, Dog, Horse, Pig, Cow, Mouse, Guinea Pig, Rabbit
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This OR13C5 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	The immunogen is a synthetic peptide directed towards the N terminal region of human OR13C5
Sequence:	CYTTTSIPST LVSFLSERKT ISLSGCAVQM FLSLAMGTTE CVLLGVMAFD
Predicted Reactivity:	
i redicted nedctivity.	Cow: 79%, Dog: 100%, Guinea Pig: 77%, Horse: 100%, Human: 100%, Mouse: 85%, Pig: 100%, Rabbit: 77%, Rat: 85%
Characteristics:	
	Rabbit: 77%, Rat: 85% This is a rabbit polyclonal antibody against OR13C5. It was validated on Western Blot using a
Characteristics:	Rabbit: 77%, Rat: 85% This is a rabbit polyclonal antibody against OR13C5. It was validated on Western Blot using a cell lysate as a positive control.

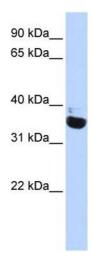
Target Details

Target Details		
Alternative Name:	OR13C5 (OR13C5 Products)	
Background:	OR1C35 is part of the olfactory receptors that interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to	
	initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor	
	proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from	
	single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure wit	
	many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G	
	protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the	
	largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and protein	
	for this organism is independent of other organisms. Olfactory receptors interact with odorant	
	molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell.	
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	(GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane	
	domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for	
	the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory recepto	
	gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor	
	genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms.	
	Alias Symbols: OR9-11	
	Protein Size: 318	
Molecular Weight:	36 kDa	
Gene ID:	138799	
NCBI Accession:	NM_001004482, NP_001004482	
UniProt:	Q8NGT0	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	Optimal working dilutions should be determined experimentally by the investigator.	
Comment:	Antigen size: 318 AA	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	Lot specific	
Buffer:	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09 % (w/v) sodium azide and 2 %	

Handling

	sucrose.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	For short term use, store at 2-8°C up to 1 week. For long term storage, store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Images



Western Blotting

Image 1. WB Suggested Anti-OR13C5 Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 ug/ml ELISA Titer: 1:312500 Positive Control: Human heart