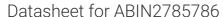
# antibodies - online.com







## anti-ACADSB antibody (Middle Region)



Image



( )	11/0	r\ /1	$\triangle 1 $
	$\lor \lor \vdash$	$I \vee I$	ew

Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	ACADSB
Binding Specificity:	Middle Region
Reactivity:	Human, Rat, Mouse, Cow, Dog, Zebrafish (Danio rerio), Guinea Pig, Horse, Rabbit, Saccharomyces cerevisiae
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This ACADSB antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB)
Product Details	

#### Product Details

Immunogen:	The immunogen is a synthetic peptide directed towards the middle region of human ACADSB	
Sequence:	GLRASSTCPL TFENVKVPEA NILGQIGHGY KYAIGSLNEG RIGIAAQMLG	
Predicted Reactivity:	Cow: 100%, Dog: 86%, Guinea Pig: 93%, Horse: 86%, Human: 100%, Mouse: 100%, Rabbit: 93%, Rat: 100%, Yeast: 86%, Zebrafish: 79%	
Characteristics:	This is a rabbit polyclonal antibody against ACADSB. It was validated on Western Blot using a cell lysate as a positive control.	
Purification:	Affinity Purified	

## **Target Details**

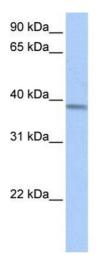
## **Target Details**

Alternative Name:	ACADSB (ACADSB Products)	
Background:	Short/branched chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase(ACADSB) is a member of the acyl-CoA	
	dehydrogenase family of enzymes that catalyze the dehydrogenation of acyl-CoA derivatives in	
	the metabolism of fatty acids or branch chained amino acids. Substrate specificity is the	
	primary characteristic used to define members of this gene family. ACADSB has the greatest	
	activity towards the short branched chain acyl-CoA derivative, (S)-2-methylbutyryl-CoA, but also	
	reacts significantly with other 2-methyl branched chain substrates and with short straight chair	
	acyl-CoAs.Short/branched chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase(ACADSB) is a member of the acyl-	
	CoA dehydrogenase family of enzymes that catalyze the dehydrogenation of acyl-CoA	
	derivatives in the metabolism of fatty acids or branch chained amino acids. Substrate	
	specificity is the primary characteristic used to define members of this gene family. The	
	ACADSB gene product has the greatest activity towards the short branched chain acyl-CoA	
	derivative, (S)-2-methylbutyryl-CoA, but also reacts significantly with other 2-methyl branched	
	chain substrates and with short straight chain acyl-CoAs. The cDNA encodes for a	
	mitochondrial precursor protein which is cleaved upon mitochondrial import and predicted to	
	yield a mature peptide of approximately 43.7- kDa. Sequence Note: The 3' UTR extension	
	represented by the RefSeq transcript record was derived from genomic sequence data to	
	optimize consistency to the reference genome assembly. The extent of the UTR extension and	
	the location of the polyA site was based on transcript alignments.	
	Alias Symbols: 2-MEBCAD, ACAD7, SBCAD	
	Protein Interaction Partner: SUMO2, UBD, UBC, USP19,	
	Protein Size: 432	
Molecular Weight:	44 kDa	
Gene ID:	36	
NCBI Accession:	NM_001609, NP_001600	
UniProt:	P45954	
Pathways:	Monocarboxylic Acid Catabolic Process	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	Optimal working dilutions should be determined experimentally by the investigator.	
Comment:	Antigen size: 432 AA	

## Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	Lot specific
Buffer:	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09 % (w/v) sodium azide and 2 % sucrose.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	For short term use, store at 2-8°C up to 1 week. For long term storage, store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Images**



#### **Western Blotting**

Image 1. WB Suggested Anti-ACADSB Antibody Titration:

0.2-1 ug/ml

Positive Control: Human Liver