# antibodies .- online.com







# anti-GALR3 antibody (AA 1-100) (Alexa Fluor 594)



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| Quantity:            | 100 μL   |
|----------------------|--|
| Target:              | GALR3  |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 1-100   |
| Reactivity:          | Human  |
| Host:                | Rabbit   |
| Clonality:           | Polyclonal   |
| Conjugate:           | This GALR3 antibody is conjugated to Alexa Fluor 594   |
| Application:         | Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (Cultured Cells) (IF (cc)), Immunofluorescence (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IF (p)) |

### **Product Details**

| Immunogen:            | KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GALR3 |  |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Isotype:              | IgG   |  |
| Predicted Reactivity: | Human,Mouse,Rat,Pig,Horse                                 |  |
| Purification:         | Purified by Protein A.                                    |  |

# **Target Details**

| Target:           | GALR3  |
|-------------------|--|
| Alternative Name: | GALR3 (GALR3 Products)   |
| Background:       | Synonyms: GAL 3R, GAL R3, GAL3 R, GAL3-R, GAL3R, Galanin receptor 3, Galanin receptor-3, |

Galanin receptor family member 3, Galanin receptor type 3, GALN R3, GALNR 3, GALNR 3, GALR 3, GALR-3, GALR3\_HUMAN.

Background: GALR3 a 368 and 370 amino acid protein in human and rat, respectively, belongs to a family of G protein-coupled receptors that bind the neuropeptide galanin, which is distributed throughout the central and peripheral nervous system, the pituitary gland, the gastrointestinal tract and in the endocrine and exocrine pancreas. GALR3 mRNA is widely distributed, but expressed at low abundance. In human, GALR3 mRNA is highly expressed in the hypothalamus, pituitary and testis, and is expressed to a lesser extent in adrenal gland and pancreas. Rat and human GALR3 co-express with potassium channel subunits GIRK1 and GIRK4. Like GALR1, GALR3 signaling pathways lead to the inhibition of adenylate cyclase and to the activation of potassium channels, which are linked to the regulation of neurotransmitter release. Binding of galanin to galanin receptors results in increased feeding, impaired learning, enhanced opiate analgesia and decreased opiate place preference.

Gene ID: 8484

Pathways: cAMP Metabolic Process, Feeding Behaviour

### **Application Details**

Application Notes: IF(IHC-P) 1:50-200

IF(IHC-F) 1:50-200

IF(ICC) 1:50-200

Restrictions: For Research Use only

## Handling

| Format:            | Liquid   |
|--------------------|--|
| Concentration:     | 1 μg/μL  |
| Buffer:            | Aqueous buffered solution containing 0.01M TBS (pH 7.4) with 1 % BSA, 0.03 % Proclin300 and 50 % Glycerol.         |
| Preservative:      | ProClin  |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains ProClin: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage:           | -20 °C   |
| Storage Comment:   | Store at -20°C. Aliquot into multiple vials to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.                                  |

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Expiry Date:

12 months