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anti-AGT antibody





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Quantity:	100 μL	
Target:	AGT	
Reactivity:	Human	
Host:	Rabbit	
Clonality:	Polyclonal	
Conjugate:	This AGT antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffinembedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunofluorescence (IF)	
Product Details		
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein encompassing a sequence within the center region of human Angiotensinogen. The exact sequence is proprietary.	
Isotype:	IgG	
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Mouse, Rat	
Characteristics:	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody to Angiotensinogen (angiotensinogen (serpin peptidase inhibitor, clade A, member 8)) Angiotensinogen antibody [N1C3]	
Purification:	Purified by antigen-affinity chromatography.	
Target Details		
Target:	AGT	

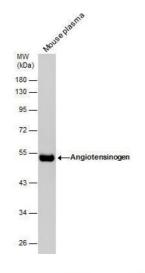
Target Details

Alternative Name:	angiotensinogen (AGT Products)	
Background:	The protein encoded by this gene, pre-angiotensinogen or angiotensinogen precursor, is	
	expressed in the liver and is cleaved by the enzyme renin in response to lowered blood	
	pressure. The resulting product, angiotensin I, is then cleaved by angiotensin converting	
	enzyme (ACE) to generate the physiologically active enzyme angiotensin II. The protein is	
	involved in maintaining blood pressure and in the pathogenesis of essential hypertension and	
	preeclampsia. Mutations in this gene are associated with susceptibility to essential	
	hypertension, and can cause renal tubular dysgenesis, a severe disorder of renal tubular	
	development. Defects in this gene have also been associated with non-familial structural atria	
	fibrillation, and inflammatory bowel disease.	
Molecular Weight:	53 kDa	
Gene ID:	183	
UniProt:	P01019	
Pathways:	JAK-STAT Signaling, ACE Inhibitor Pathway, EGFR Signaling Pathway, Peptide Hormone	
	Metabolism, Regulation of Systemic Arterial Blood Pressure by Hormones, Regulation of Lipid	
	Metabolism by PPARalpha, Protein targeting to Nucleus, Feeding Behaviour, Monocarboxylic	
	Acid Catabolic Process, Dicarboxylic Acid Transport, Positive Regulation of Response to DNA	
	Damage Stimulus, Regulation of long-term Neuronal Synaptic Plasticity	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	WB: 1:500-1:3000. ICC/IF: 1:100-1:1000. IHC-P: 1:100-1:1000. Optimal dilutions/concentrations	
	should be determined by the researcher. Not tested in other applications.	
Comment:	Positive Control: HepG2 , human plasma , mouse plasma , rat plasma	
	Validation: Orthogonal	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	1 mg/mL	
Buffer:	0.1M Tris-Glycine (pH 7), 10 % Glycerol, 0.01 % Thimerosal	

Handling

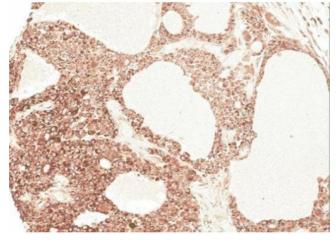
Preservative:	Thimerosal (Merthiolate)	
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Thimerosal (Merthiolate): a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.	
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C	
Storage Comment:	Store as concentrated solution. Centrifuge briefly prior to opening vial. For short-term storage (1-2 weeks), store at 4°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.	

Images



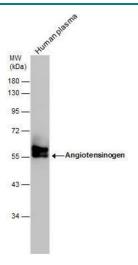
Western Blotting

Image 1. WB Image Mouse tissue extract (50 μ g) was separated by 10% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with Angiotensinogen antibody [N1C3] , diluted at 1:1000.



Immunohistochemistry

Image 2. IHC-P Image Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Hepatocellular carcinoma Huh7 xenograft, using AGT, antibody at 1:100 dilution.



Western Blotting

Image 3. WB Image Human tissue extract (30 μ g) was separated by 10% SDS-PAGE, and the membrane was blotted with Angiotensinogen antibody [N1C3] , diluted at 1:500.

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 6 images are available for ABIN2855709.