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Datasheet for ABIN2856132

anti-GSTa2 antibody

3 Images



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Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	GSTa2
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This GSTa2 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffinembedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunofluorescence (IF)

Product Details

Product Details	
Immunogen:	Recombinant protein encompassing a sequence within the center region of human GSTA2. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Isotype:	IgG
Specificity:	This antibody was raised against human GSTA2 antibody. It is able to detect GSTA1, GSTA2, and GSTA3 proteins but not cross reacts with GSTA4 or GSTA5 proteins based on customer's feedback.
Cross-Reactivity:	Human, Rat
Characteristics:	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody to GSTA2 (glutathione S-transferase alpha 2) GSTA2 antibody [N1C3]
Purification:	Purified by antigen-affinity chromatography.

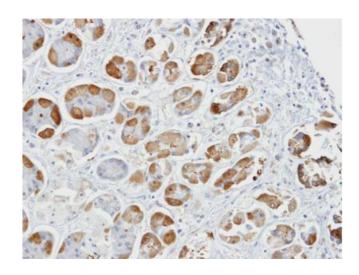
Target Details

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Target:	GSTa2
Alternative Name:	glutathione S-transferase alpha 2 (GSTa2 Products)
Background:	Cytosolic and membrane-bound forms of glutathione S-transferase are encoded by two distinct
	supergene families. These enzymes function in the detoxification of electrophilic compounds,
	including carcinogens, therapeutic drugs, environmental toxins and products of oxidative
	stress, by conjugation with glutathione. The genes encoding these enzymes are known to be
	highly polymorphic. These genetic variations can change an individual's susceptibility to
	carcinogens and toxins as well as affect the toxicity and efficacy of some drugs. At present,
	eight distinct classes of the soluble cytoplasmic mammalian glutathione S-transferases have
	been identified: alpha, kappa, mu, omega, pi, sigma, theta and zeta. This gene encodes a
	glutathione S-tranferase belonging to the alpha class. The alpha class genes, located in a
	cluster mapped to chromosome 6, are the most abundantly expressed glutathione S-
	transferases in liver. In addition to metabolizing bilirubin and certain anti-cancer drugs in the
	liver, the alpha class of these enzymes exhibit glutathione peroxidase activity thereby protecting
	the cells from reactive oxygen species and the products of peroxidation.
	Cellular Localization: Cytoplasm
Molecular Weight:	26 kDa
Gene ID:	2939
UniProt:	P09210
Application Details	
Application Notes:	WB: 1:500-1:3000. ICC/IF: 1:100-1:1000. IHC-P: 1:100-1:1000. Optimal dilutions/concentrations
	should be determined by the researcher. Not tested in other applications.
Comment:	Positive Control: HepG2
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	0.1M Tris-Glycine (pH 7), 10 % Glycerol, 0.01 % Thimerosal

Handling

Preservative:	Thimerosal (Merthiolate)
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Thimerosal (Merthiolate): a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Store as concentrated solution. Centrifuge briefly prior to opening vial. For short-term storage (1-2 weeks), store at 4°C. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Images



Immunohistochemistry

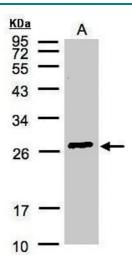
Image 1. IHC-P Image Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human stomach, using GSTA2, antibody at 1:100 dilution.



Costained with Hoechst 33342

Immunofluorescence

Image 2. ICC/IF Image Immunofluorescence analysis of methanol-fixed Hep G2, using GSTA2, antibody at 1:500 dilution.



Western Blotting

Image 3. WB Image Sample(30 μg of whole cell lysate) A:Hep G2, 12% SDS PAGE antibody diluted at 1:3000