# antibodies - online.com







# anti-RAG2 antibody (Center)





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Quantity:	100 μL
Target:	RAG2
Binding Specificity:	Center
Reactivity:	Human, Rat
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This RAG2 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p)), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)

# **Product Details**

Immunogen:	Recombinant protein encompassing a sequence within the center region of human RAG2. The exact sequence is proprietary.
Isotype:	IgG
Cross-Reactivity:	Mouse (Murine), Pig (Porcine), Rabbit, Rat (Rattus), Cow (Bovine)
Cross-Reactivity (Details):	Mouse (85 %), Pig (90 %), Rabbit (91 %), Rat (86 %), Bovine (91 %)
Characteristics:	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody to RAG2 (recombination activating gene 2) RAG2 antibody
Purification:	Purified by antigen-affinity chromatography.

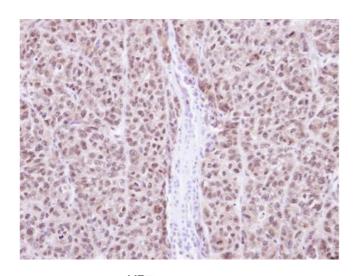
# Target Details

Target:	RAG2	
Alternative Name:	RAG2 (RAG2 Products)	
Background:	This gene encodes a protein that is involved in the initiation of V(D)J recombination during B	
	and T cell development. This protein forms a complex with the product of the adjacent	
	recombination activating gene 1, and this complex can form double-strand breaks by cleaving	
	DNA at conserved recombination signal sequences. The recombination activating gene 1	
	component is thought to contain most of the catalytic activity, while the N-terminal of the	
	recombination activating gene 2 component is thought to form a six-bladed propeller in the	
	active core that serves as a binding scaffold for the tight association of the complex with DNA	
	A C-terminal plant homeodomain finger-like motif in this protein is necessary for interactions	
	with chromatin components, specifically with histone H3 that is trimethylated at lysine 4.	
	Mutations in this gene cause Omenn syndrome, a form of severe combined immunodeficiency	
	associated with autoimmune-like symptoms.	
	Cellular Localization: Nucleus	
Molecular Weight:	59 kDa	
Gene ID:	5897	
Pathways:	Chromatin Binding, Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response	
Application Details		
Application Notes:	Suggested dilution Reference ICC/IF 1:100-1:1000* IHC (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded	
	sections) 1:100-1:1000* Western blot 1:500-1:3000* Not tested in other applications. *Optimal	
	dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the researcher. Suggested	
	dilutionReferenceICC/IF1:100-1:1000* IHC (Formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded sections)1:100-	
	1:1000* Western blot1:500-1:3000*	
Comment:	Positive Control: Molt-4, rat thymus	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Concentration:	0.37 mg/mL	
Buffer:	0.1M Tris, 0.1M Glycine, 10 % Glycerol (pH 7). 0.01 % Thimerosal was added as a preservative.	

# Handling

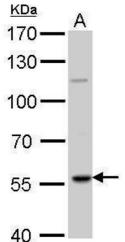
Preservative:	Thimerosal (Merthiolate)
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Thimerosal (Merthiolate): a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Keep as concentrated solution. Aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

# **Images**



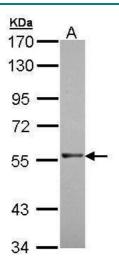
### **Immunohistochemistry**

**Image 1.** IHC-P Image Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded DLD1 Xenograft, using RAG2, antibody at 1:100 dilution.



#### **Western Blotting**

**Image 2.** WB Image RAG2 antibody detects RAG2 protein by Western blot analysis. A. 50  $\mu$ g Rat thymus lysate/extract 7.5 % SDS-PAGE RAG2 antibody , dilution: 1:1000



#### **Western Blotting**

**Image 3.** WB Image Sample (30 ug of whole cell lysate) A: Molt-4, 7.5% SDS PAGE antibody diluted at 1:1000

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 4 images are available for ABIN2856698.