

Datasheet for ABIN3029383

anti-p53 antibody (AA 1-30)





Overview

| Overview | |
|----------------------|--|
| Quantity: | 0.4 mL |
| Target: | p53 (TP53) |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 1-30 |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Conjugate: | This p53 antibody is un-conjugated |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, Immunofluorescence (IF) |
| Product Details | |
| Immunogen: | A portion of amino acids 1-30 from the human protein was used as the immunogen for this p53 |
| | antibody. |
| Isotype: | Ig Fraction |
| Purification: | Antigen affinity purified |
| Target Details | |
| Target: | p53 (TP53) |
| Alternative Name: | p53 (TP53 Products) |
| Background: | Tumor protein p53, a nuclear protein, plays an essential role in the regulation of cell cycle, |
| | |
| | specifically in the transition from G0 to G1. It is found in very low levels in normal cells, however, in a variety of transformed cell lines, it is expressed in high amounts, and believed to contribute |

to transformation and malignancy. p53 is a DNA-binding protein containing DNA-binding, oligomerization and transcription activation domains. It is postulated to bind as a tetramer to a p53-binding site and activate expression of downstream genes that inhibit growth and/or invasion, and thus function as a tumor suppressor. Mutants of p53 that frequently occur in a number of different human cancers fail to bind the consensus DNA binding site, and hence cause the loss of tumor suppressor activity. Alterations of the TP53 gene occur not only as somatic mutations in human malignancies, but also as germline mutations in some cancerprone families with Li-Fraumeni syndrome.

UniProt:

P04637

Pathways:

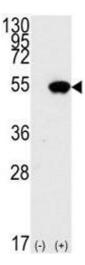
p53 Signaling, MAPK Signaling, PI3K-Akt Signaling, Apoptosis, AMPK Signaling, Chromatin Binding, ER-Nucleus Signaling, Positive Regulation of Endopeptidase Activity, Hepatitis C, Protein targeting to Nucleus, Autophagy, Warburg Effect

Application Details

| Application Notes: | Titration of the p53 antibody may be required due to differences in protocols and |
|--------------------|---|
| | secondary/substrate sensitivity.\. Western blot: 1:1000,Immunofluorescence: 1:10-1:50 |
| Restrictions: | For Research Use only |

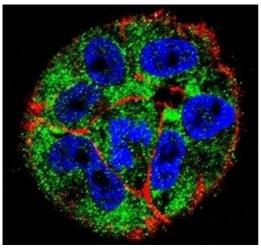
Handling

| Format: | Liquid |
|--------------------|--|
| Buffer: | In 1X PBS pH 7.4 with 0.09 % sodium azide |
| Preservative: | Sodium azide |
| Precaution of Use: | This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only. |
| Storage: | -20 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Aliquot the p53 antibody and store frozen at -20°C or colder. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles |



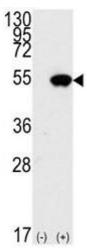
Western Blotting

Image 1. Western blot analysis of p53 antibody and 293 cell lysate (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the TP53 gene (2).



Immunofluorescence

Image 2. Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of p53 antibody with A2058 cells followed by Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (green). Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor 555 Phalloidin (red). DAPI was used as a nuclear counterstain (blu



Western Blotting

Image 3. Western blot analysis of p53 antibody and 293 cell lysate (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transfected with the TP53 gene (2).