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NRF2 Protein (AA 1-605) (Strep Tag)



Image



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Overview

| Quantity: | 1 mg |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Target: | NRF2 (NFE2L2) |
| Protein Characteristics: | AA 1-605 |
| Origin: | Human |
| Source: | Tobacco (Nicotiana tabacum) |
| Protein Type: | Recombinant |
| Purification tag / Conjugate: | This NRF2 protein is labelled with Strep Tag. |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS), ELISA |

Product Details

Sequence:

MMDLELPPPG LPSQQDMDLI DILWRQDIDL GVSREVFDFS QRRKEYELEK QKKLEKERQE
QLQKEQEKAF FAQLQLDEET GEFLPIQPAQ HIQSETSGSA NYSQVAHIPK SDALYFDDCM
QLLAQTFPFV DDNEVSSATF QSLVPDIPGH IESPVFIATN QAQSPETSVA QVAPVDLDGM
QQDIEQVWEE LLSIPELQCL NIENDKLVET TMVPSPEAKL TEVDNYHFYS SIPSMEKEVG
NCSPHFLNAF EDSFSSILST EDPNQLTVNS LNSDATVNTD FGDEFYSAFI AEPSISNSMP
SPATLSHSLS ELLNGPIDVS DLSLCKAFNQ NHPESTAEFN DSDSGISLNT SPSVASPEHS
VESSSYGDTL LGLSDSEVEE LDSAPGSVKQ NGPKTPVHSS GDMVQPLSPS QGQSTHVHDA
QCENTPEKEL PVSPGHRKTP FTKDKHSSRL EAHLTRDELR AKALHIPFPV EKIINLPVVD
FNEMMSKEQF NEAQLALIRD IRRRGKNKVA AQNCRKRKLE NIVELEQDLD HLKDEKEKLL
KEKGENDKSL HLLKKQLSTL YLEVFSMLRD EDGKPYSPSE YSLQQTRDGN VFLVPKSKKP DVKKN

Sequence without tag. The proposed Strep-Tag is based on experience s with the expression

system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you have a special request, please contact us.

Characteristics:

Key Benefits:

- Made in Germany from design to production by highly experienced protein experts.
- Protein expressed with ALiCE® and purified by multi-step, protein-specific process to ensure correct folding and modification.
- These proteins are normally active (enzymatically functional) as our customers have reported (not tested by us and not guaranteed).
- · State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a **made-to-order protein** and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab will ensure that you receive a correctly folded protein.

The big advantage of ordering our **made-to-order proteins** in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Expression System:

- ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from Nicotiana tabacum c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require posttranslational modifications.
- During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for
 protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the
 mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional
 components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to
 produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Concentration:

- The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm.
- The protein's absorbance will be measured in several dilutions and is measured against its specific reference buffer.
- We use the Expasy's ProtParam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

Purification:

Two step purification of proteins expressed in Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System (ALiCE®):

1. In a first purification step, the protein is purified from the cleared cell lysate using StrepTag

capture material. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE.

Protein containing fractions of the best purification are subjected to second purification step through size exclusion chromatography. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Western blot.

Purity: >80 % as determined by SDS PAGE, Size Exclusion Chromatography and Western Blot.

Endotoxin Level: Low Endotoxin less than 1 EU/mg (< 0.1 ng/mg)

Grade: Crystallography grade

Target Details

Target: NRF2 (NFE2L2)

Alternative Name: NFE2L2 (NFE2L2 Products)

Background: Nuclear factor erythroid 2-related factor 2 (NF-E2-related factor 2) (NFE2-related factor 2)

Nuclear factor erythroid 2-related factor 2 (NF-E2-related factor 2) (NFE2-related factor 2) (Nrf-2) (HEBP1) (Nuclear factor, erythroid derived 2, like 2), FUNCTION: Transcription factor that plays a key role in the response to oxidative stress: binds to antioxidant response (ARE) elements present in the promoter region of many cytoprotective genes, such as phase 2 detoxifying enzymes, and promotes their expression, thereby neutralizing reactive electrophiles (PubMed:11035812, PubMed:19489739, PubMed:29018201, PubMed:31398338). In normal conditions, ubiquitinated and degraded in the cytoplasm by the BCR(KEAP1) complex (PubMed:11035812, PubMed:15601839, PubMed:29018201). In response to oxidative stress, electrophile metabolites inhibit activity of the BCR(KEAP1) complex, promoting nuclear accumulation of NFE2L2/NRF2, heterodimerization with one of the small Maf proteins and binding to ARE elements of cytoprotective target genes (PubMed:19489739, PubMed:29590092). The NFE2L2/NRF2 pathway is also activated in response to selective autophagy: autophagy promotes interaction between KEAP1 and SQSTM1/p62 and subsequent inactivation of the BCR(KEAP1) complex, leading to NFE2L2/NRF2 nuclear accumulation and expression of cytoprotective genes (PubMed:20452972). May also be involved in the transcriptional activation of genes of the beta-globin cluster by mediating enhancer activity of hypersensitive site 2 of the beta-globin locus control region (PubMed:7937919). Also plays an important role in the regulation of the innate immune response and antiviral cytosolic DNA sensing. It is a critical regulator of the innate immune response and survival during sepsis by maintaining redox homeostasis and restraint of the dysregulation of pro-inflammatory signaling pathways like MyD88-dependent and -independent and TNF-alpha signaling (By similarity). Suppresses macrophage inflammatory response by blocking pro-inflammatory cytokine transcription and the induction of IL6 (By similarity). Binds to the proximity of pro-inflammatory

genes in macrophages and inhibits RNA Pol II recruitment. The inhibition is independent of the NRF2-binding motif and reactive oxygen species level (By similarity). Represses antiviral cytosolic DNA sensing by suppressing the expression of the adapter protein STING1 and decreasing responsiveness to STING1 agonists while increasing susceptibility to infection with DNA viruses (PubMed:30158636). Once activated, limits the release of pro-inflammatory cytokines in response to human coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 infection and to virus-derived ligands through a mechanism that involves inhibition of IRF3 dimerization. Also inhibits both SARS-CoV-2 replication, as well as the replication of several other pathogenic viruses including Herpes Simplex Virus-1 and-2, Vaccinia virus, and Zika virus through a type I interferon (IFN)-independent mechanism (PubMed:33009401). (ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q60795, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11035812, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15601839, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19489739, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20452972, ECO:0000269|PubMed:29018201, ECO:0000269|PubMed:29590092, ECO:0000269|PubMed:30158636, ECO:0000269|PubMed:31398338, ECO:0000269|PubMed:33009401, ECO:0000269|PubMed:31398338, ECO:0000269|PubMed:33009401, ECO:0000269|PubMed:7937919}.

Molecular Weight:

67.8 kDa

UniProt:

Q16236

Pathways:

ER-Nucleus Signaling, Negative Regulation of intrinsic apoptotic Signaling

Application Details

Application Notes:

In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.

Comment:

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During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

| Format: | Liquid |
|------------------|--|
| Buffer: | The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer. If you have a special request, please contact us. |
| Handling Advice: | Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Storage: | -80 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Store at -80°C. |
| Expiry Date: | Unlimited (if stored properly) |

Images



Image 1. "Crystallography Grade" protein due to multi-step, protein-specific purification process