Datasheet for ABIN3088773

AGO2 Protein (AA 1-859) (Strep Tag)

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Overview

Quantity:	250 µg
Target:	AGO2
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-859
Origin:	Human
Source:	Cell-free protein synthesis (CFPS)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This AGO2 protein is labelled with Strep Tag.
Application:	SDS-PAGE (SDS), ELISA, Western Blotting (WB)

Product Details

Brand:	AliCE®
Sequence:	MYSGAGPALA PPAPPPPIQG YAFKPPPRPD FGTSGRTIKL QANFFEMDIP KIDIYHYELD IKPEKCPRRV NREIVEHMVQ HFKTQIFGDR KPVFDGRKNL YTAMPLPIGR DKVELEVTLP GEGKDRIFKV SIKWVSCVSL QALHDALSGR LPSVPFETIQ ALDVVMRHLP SMRYTPVGRS FFTASEGCSN PLGGGREVWF GFHQSVRPSL WKMMLNIDVS ATAFYKAQPV IEFVCEVLDF KSIEEQQKPL TDSQRVKFTK EIKGLKVEIT HCGQMKRKYR VCNVTRRPAS HQTFPLQQES GQTVECTVAQ YFKDRHKLVL RYPHLPCLQV GQEQKHTYLP LEVCNIVAGQ RCIKKLTDNQ TSTMIRATAR SAPDRQEEIS KLMRSASFNT DPYVREFGIM VKDEMTDVTG RVLQPPSILY GGRNKAIATP VQGVWDMRNK QFHTGIEIKV WAIACFAPQR QCTEVHLKSF TEQLRKISRD AGMPIQGQPC FCKYAQGADS VEPMFRHLKN TYAGLQLVVV ILPGKTPVYA EVKRVGDTVL GMATQCVQMK NVQRTTPQTL SNLCLKINVK LGGVNNILLP QGRPPVFQQP VIFLGADVTH PPAGDGKKPS IAAVVGSMDA HPNRYCATVR VQQHRQEIIQ DLAAMVRELL IQFYKSTRFK

PTRIIFYRDG VSEGQFQQVL HHELLAIREA CIKLEKDYQP GITFIVVQKR HHTRLFCTDK NERVGKSGNI PAGTTVDTKI THPTEFDFYL CSHAGIQGTS RPSHYHVLWD DNRFSSDELQ ILTYQLCHTY VRCTRSVSIP APAYYAHLVA FRARYHLVDK EHDSAEGSHT SGQSNGRDHQ ALAKAVQVHQ DTLRTMYFA

Sequence without tag. The proposed Strep-Tag is based on experience s with the expression system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you have a special request, please contact us.

Characteristics:

Key Benefits:

- Made in Germany - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts.
- Protein expressed with ALiCE® and purified in one-step affinity chromatography
- These proteins are normally active (enzymatically functional) as our customers have reported (not tested by us and not guaranteed).
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a **made-to-order protein** and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab try to ensure that you receive soluble protein.

The big advantage of ordering our **made-to-order proteins** in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Expression System:

- ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from Nicotiana tabacum c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications.
- During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Concentration:

- The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm.
- The protein's absorbance will be measured against its specific reference buffer.
- We use the Expasy's ProtParam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

Product Details

Purification:	One-step Strep-tag purification of proteins expressed in Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System (AliCE®).
Purity:	> 70-80 % as determined by SDS PAGE, Western Blot and analytical SEC (HPLC).
Grade:	custom-made

Target Details

Target:	AGO2
Alternative Name:	AGO2 (AGO2 Products)
Background:	Protein argonaute-2 (Argonaute2) (hAgo2) (EC 3.1.26.n2) (Argonaute RISC catalytic component 2) (Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2C 2) (eIF-2C 2) (eIF2C 2) (PAZ Piwi domain protein) (PPD) (Protein slicer),FUNCTION: Required for RNA-mediated gene silencing (RNAi) by the RNA-induced silencing complex (RISC). The 'minimal RISC' appears to include AGO2 bound to a short guide RNA such as a microRNA (miRNA) or short interfering RNA (siRNA). These guide RNAs direct RISC to complementary mRNAs that are targets for RISC-mediated gene silencing. The precise mechanism of gene silencing depends on the degree of complementarity between the miRNA or siRNA and its target. Binding of RISC to a perfectly complementary mRNA generally results in silencing due to endonucleolytic cleavage of the mRNA specifically by AGO2. Binding of RISC to a partially complementary mRNA results in silencing through inhibition of translation, and this is independent of endonuclease activity. May inhibit translation initiation by binding to the 7-methylguanosine cap, thereby preventing the recruitment of the translation initiation factor eIF4-E. May also inhibit translation initiation via interaction with EIF6, which itself binds to the 60S ribosomal subunit and prevents its association with the 40S ribosomal subunit. The inhibition of translational initiation leads to the accumulation of the affected mRNA in cytoplasmic processing bodies (P-bodies), where mRNA degradation may subsequently occur. In some cases RISC-mediated translational repression is also observed for miRNAs that perfectly match the 3' untranslated region (3'-UTR). Can also up-regulate the translation of specific mRNAs under certain growth conditions. Binds to the AU element of the 3'-UTR of the TNF (TNF-alpha) mRNA and up-regulates translation under conditions of serum starvation. Also required for transcriptional gene silencing (TGS), in which short RNAs known as antigene RNAs or agRNAs direct the transcriptional repression of complementary promoter regions. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CJG0, ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03031, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15105377, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15260970, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15284456, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15337849, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15800637, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16081698,

Target Details

	ECO:0000269|PubMed:16142218, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16271387, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16289642, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16357216, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16756390, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16936728, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17382880, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17507929, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17524464, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17531811, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17932509, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18048652, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18178619, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18690212, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18771919, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19167051, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23746446}., FUNCTION: (Microbial infection) Upon Sars-CoV-2 infection, associates with viral miRNA-like small RNA, CoV2-miR-O7a, and may repress mRNAs, such as BATF2, to evade the IFN response. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:34903581}.
Molecular Weight:	97.2 kDa
UniProt:	Q9UKV8
Pathways:	Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway, Regulatory RNA Pathways, EGFR Signaling Pathway, Neurotrophin Signaling Pathway, Ribonucleoprotein Complex Subunit Organization

Application Details

Application Notes:	In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.
Comment:	ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from Nicotiana tabacum c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications. During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer. Standard Storage Buffer: PBS pH 7.4, 10 % Glycerol **Might differ depending on protein.**
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -80°C.
Expiry Date:	12 months