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DAXX Protein (AA 1-740) (Strep Tag)



Image



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Overview

| Quantity: | 1 mg |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Target: | DAXX |
| Protein Characteristics: | AA 1-740 |
| Origin: | Human |
| Source: | Tobacco (Nicotiana tabacum) |
| Protein Type: | Recombinant |
| Purification tag / Conjugate: | This DAXX protein is labelled with Strep Tag. |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS), ELISA |

Product Details

Sequence:

MATANSIIVL DDDDEDEAAA QPGPSHPLPN AASPGAEAPS SSEPHGARGS SSSGGKKCYK
LENEKLFEEF LELCKMQTAD HPEVVPFLYN RQQRAHSLFL ASAEFCNILS RVLSRARSRP
AKLYVYINEL CTVLKAHSAK KKLNLAPAAT TSNEPSGNNP PTHLSLDPTN AENTASQSPR
TRGSRRQIQR LEQLLALYVA EIRRLQEKEL DLSELDDPDS AYLQEARLKR KLIRLFGRLC
ELKDCSSLTG RVIEQRIPYR GTRYPEVNRR IERLINKPGP DTFPDYGDVL RAVEKAAARH
SLGLPRQQLQ LMAQDAFRDV GIRLQERRHL DLIYNFGCHL TDDYRPGVDP ALSDPVLARR
LRENRSLAMS RLDEVISKYA MLQDKSEEGE RKKRRARLQG TSSHSADTPE ASLDSGEGPS
GMASQGCPSA SRAETDDEDD EESDEEEEEE EEEEEEEATD SEEEEDLEQM QEGQEDDEEE
DEEEEAAAGK DGDKSPMSSL QISNEKNLEP GKQISRSSGE QQNKGRIVSP SLLSEEPLAP
SSIDAESNGE QPEELTLEEE SPVSQLFELE IEALPLDTPS SVETDISSSR KQSEEPFTTV
LENGAGMVSS TSFNGGVSPH NWGDSGPPCK KSRKEKKQTG SGPLGNSYVE RQRSVHEKNG
KKICTLPSPP SPLASLAPVA DSSTRVDSPS HGLVTSSLCI PSPARLSQTP HSQPPRPGTC

KTSVATQCDP EEIIVLSDSD

Sequence without tag. The proposed Strep-Tag is based on experience s with the expression system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you have a special request, please contact us.

Characteristics:

Key Benefits:

- · Made in Germany from design to production by highly experienced protein experts.
- Protein expressed with ALiCE® and purified by multi-step, protein-specific process to ensure correct folding and modification.
- These proteins are normally active (enzymatically functional) as our customers have reported (not tested by us and not guaranteed).
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a **made-to-order protein** and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab will ensure that you receive a correctly folded protein.

The big advantage of ordering our **made-to-order proteins** in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Expression System:

- ALICE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from Nicotiana tabacum c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require posttranslational modifications.
- During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for
 protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the
 mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional
 components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to
 produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Concentration:

- · The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm.
- The protein's absorbance will be measured in several dilutions and is measured against its specific reference buffer.
- We use the Expasy's ProtParam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

Purification:

Two step purification of proteins expressed in Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System

(ALiCE®):

- 1. In a first purification step, the protein is purified from the cleared cell lysate using StrepTag capture material. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE.
- Protein containing fractions of the best purification are subjected to second purification step through size exclusion chromatography. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Western blot.

Purity:

>80 % as determined by SDS PAGE, Size Exclusion Chromatography and Western Blot.

Endotoxin Level:

Low Endotoxin less than 1 EU/mg (< 0.1 ng/mg)

Grade:

Crystallography grade

Target Details

Target:

DAXX

Alternative Name:

DAXX (DAXX Products)

Background:

Death domain-associated protein 6 (Daxx) (hDaxx) (ETS1-associated protein 1) (EAP1) (Fas death domain-associated protein), FUNCTION: Transcription corepressor known to repress transcriptional potential of several sumoylated transcription factors. Down-regulates basal and activated transcription. Its transcription repressor activity is modulated by recruiting it to subnuclear compartments like the nucleolus or PML/POD/ND10 nuclear bodies through interactions with MCSR1 and PML, respectively. Seems to regulate transcription in PML/POD/ND10 nuclear bodies together with PML and may influence TNFRSF6-dependent apoptosis thereby. Inhibits transcriptional activation of PAX3 and ETS1 through direct proteinprotein interactions. Modulates PAX5 activity, the function seems to involve CREBBP. Acts as an adapter protein in a MDM2-DAXX-USP7 complex by regulating the RING-finger E3 ligase MDM2 ubiquitination activity. Under non-stress condition, in association with the deubiquitinating USP7, prevents MDM2 self-ubiquitination and enhances the intrinsic E3 ligase activity of MDM2 towards TP53, thereby promoting TP53 ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation. Upon DNA damage, its association with MDM2 and USP7 is disrupted, resulting in increased MDM2 autoubiquitination and consequently, MDM2 degradation, which leads to TP53 stabilization. Acts as a histone chaperone that facilitates deposition of histone H3.3. Acts as a targeting component of the chromatin remodeling complex ATRX:DAXX which has ATP-dependent DNA translocase activity and catalyzes the replication-independent deposition of histone H3.3 in pericentric DNA repeats outside S-phase and telomeres, and the in vitro remodeling of H3.3-containing nucleosomes. Does not affect the ATPase activity of ATRX but alleviates its transcription repression activity. Upon neuronal

activation associates with regulatory elements of selected immediate early genes where it promotes deposition of histone H3.3 which may be linked to transcriptional induction of these genes. Required for the recruitment of histone H3.3:H4 dimers to PML-nuclear bodies (PML-NBs), the process is independent of ATRX and facilitated by ASF1A, PML-NBs are suggested to function as regulatory sites for the incorporation of newly synthesized histone H3.3 into chromatin. In case of overexpression of centromeric histone variant CENPA (as found in various tumors) is involved in its mislocalization to chromosomes, the ectopic localization involves a heterotypic tetramer containing CENPA, and histones H3.3 and H4 and decreases binding of CTCF to chromatin. Proposed to mediate activation of the JNK pathway and apoptosis via MAP3K5 in response to signaling from TNFRSF6 and TGFBR2. Interaction with HSPB1/HSP27 may prevent interaction with TNFRSF6 and MAP3K5 and block DAXX-mediated apoptosis. In contrast, in lymphoid cells JNC activation and TNFRSF6-mediated apoptosis may not involve DAXX. Shows restriction activity towards human cytomegalovirus (HCMV). Plays a role as a positive regulator of the heat shock transcription factor HSF1 activity during the stress protein response (PubMed:15016915). (ECO:0000269|PubMed:12140263,

ECO:0000269|PubMed:14990586, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15016915,

ECO:0000269|PubMed:15364927, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16845383,

ECO:0000269|PubMed:17081986, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17942542,

ECO:0000269|PubMed:20504901, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20651253,

ECO:0000269|PubMed:23222847, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24200965,

ECO:0000269|PubMed:24530302}.

Molecular Weight:

81.4 kDa

UniProt:

Q9UER7

Pathways:

Intracellular Steroid Hormone Receptor Signaling Pathway

Application Details

Application Notes:

In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.

Comment:

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protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

Handling

| Format: | Liquid |
|------------------|--|
| Buffer: | The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer. If you have a special request, please contact us. |
| Handling Advice: | Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Storage: | -80 °C |
| Storage Comment: | Store at -80°C. |
| Expiry Date: | Unlimited (if stored properly) |

Images

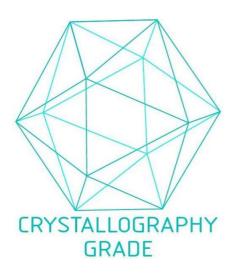


Image 1. "Crystallography Grade" protein due to multi-step, protein-specific purification process