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DNM2 Protein (AA 1-870) (Strep Tag)





Overview

Quantity:	1 mg
Target:	DNM2
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-870
Origin:	Human
Source:	Tobacco (Nicotiana tabacum)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This DNM2 protein is labelled with Strep Tag.
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS), ELISA

Product Details

Sequence:

MGNRGMEELI PLVNKLQDAF SSIGQSCHLD LPQIAVVGGQ SAGKSSVLEN FVGRDFLPRG
SGIVTRRPLI LQLIFSKTEH AEFLHCKSKK FTDFDEVRQE IEAETDRVTG TNKGISPVPI
NLRVYSPHVL NLTLIDLPGI TKVPVGDQPP DIEYQIKDMI LQFISRESSL ILAVTPANMD
LANSDALKLA KEVDPQGLRT IGVITKLDLM DEGTDARDVL ENKLLPLRRG YIGVVNRSQK
DIEGKKDIRA ALAAERKFFL SHPAYRHMAD RMGTPHLQKT LNQQLTNHIR ESLPALRSKL
QSQLLSLEKE VEEYKNFRPD DPTRKTKALL QMVQQFGVDF EKRIEGSGDQ VDTLELSGGA
RINRIFHERF PFELVKMEFD EKDLRREISY AIKNIHGVRT GLFTPDLAFE AIVKKQVVKL
KEPCLKCVDL VIQELINTVR QCTSKLSSYP RLREETERIV TTYIREREGR TKDQILLLID IEQSYINTNH
EDFIGFANAQ QRSTQLNKKR AIPNQGEILV IRRGWLTINN ISLMKGGSKE YWFVLTAESL
SWYKDEEEKE KKYMLPLDNL KIRDVEKGFM SNKHVFAIFN TEQRNVYKDL RQIELACDSQ
EDVDSWKASF LRAGVYPEKD QAENEDGAQE NTFSMDPQLE RQVETIRNLV DSYVAIINKS
IRDLMPKTIM HLMINNTKAF IHHELLAYLY SSADQSSLME ESADQAQRRD DMLRMYHALK

EALNIIGDIS TSTVSTPVPP PVDDTWLQSA SSHSPTPQRR PVSSIHPPGR PPAVRGPTPG
PPLIPVPVGA AASFSAPPIP SRPGPQSVFA NSDLFPAPPQ IPSRPVRIPP GIPPGVPSRR
PPAAPSRPTI IRPAEPSLLD

Sequence without tag. The proposed Strep-Tag is based on experience s with the expression system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you have a special request, please contact us.

Characteristics:

Key Benefits:

- Made in Germany from design to production by highly experienced protein experts.
- Protein expressed with ALiCE® and purified by multi-step, protein-specific process to ensure correct folding and modification.
- These proteins are normally active (enzymatically functional) as our customers have reported (not tested by us and not guaranteed).
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a **made-to-order protein** and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab will ensure that you receive a correctly folded protein.

The big advantage of ordering our **made-to-order proteins** in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Expression System:

- ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from Nicotiana tabacum c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require posttranslational modifications.
- During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for
 protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the
 mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional
 components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to
 produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Concentration:

- · The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm.
- The protein's absorbance will be measured in several dilutions and is measured against its specific reference buffer.
- We use the Expasy's ProtParam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

Product Details

Purification:

Two step purification of proteins expressed in Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System (ALiCE®):

- 1. In a first purification step, the protein is purified from the cleared cell lysate using StrepTag capture material. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE.
- Protein containing fractions of the best purification are subjected to second purification step through size exclusion chromatography. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Western blot.

Purity:

>80 % as determined by SDS PAGE, Size Exclusion Chromatography and Western Blot.

Endotoxin Level:

Low Endotoxin less than 1 EU/mg (< 0.1 ng/mg)

Grade:

Crystallography grade

Target Details

Target:

DNM2

Alternative Name:

DNM2 (DNM2 Products)

Background:

Dynamin-2 (EC 3.6.5.5) (Dynamin 2) (Dynamin II), FUNCTION: Catalyzes the hydrolysis of GTP and utilizes this energy to mediate vesicle scission at plasma membrane during endocytosis and filament remodeling at many actin structures during organization of the actin cytoskeleton (PubMed:33713620, PubMed:15731758, PubMed:19623537, PubMed:34744632, PubMed:19605363). Plays an important role in vesicular trafficking processes, namely clathrinmediated endocytosis (CME), exocytic and clathrin-coated vesicle from the trans-Golgi network, and PDGF stimulated macropinocytosis (PubMed:33713620, PubMed:15731758, PubMed:19623537). During vesicular trafficking process, associates to the membrane, through lipid binding, and self-assembles into ring-like structure through oligomerization to form a helical polymer around the vesicle membrane and leading to vesicle scission (PubMed:17636067, PubMed:34744632, PubMed:36445308). Plays a role in organization of the actin cytoskeleton by mediating arrangement of stress fibers and actin bundles in podocytes (By similarity). During organization of the actin cytoskeleton, self-assembles into ring-like structure that directly bundles actin filaments to form typical membrane tubules decorated with dynamin spiral polymers (By similarity). Self-assembly increases GTPase activity and the GTP hydrolysis causes the rapid depolymerization of dynamin spiral polymers, and results in dispersion of actin bundles (By similarity). Remodels, through its interaction with CTTN, bundled actin filaments in a GTPase-dependent manner and plays a role in orchestrating the global actomyosin cytoskeleton (PubMed:19605363). The interaction with CTTN stabilizes the interaction of DNM2 and actin filaments and stimulates the intrinsic GTPase activity that

results in actin filament-barbed ends and increases the sensitivity of filaments in bundles to the actin depolymerizing factor, CFL1 (By similarity). Plays a role in the autophagy process, by participating in the formation of ATG9A vesicles destined for the autophagosomes through its interaction with SNX18 (PubMed:29437695), by mediating recycling endosome scission leading to autophagosome release through MAP1LC3B interaction (PubMed:32315611, PubMed:29437695). Also regulates maturation of apoptotic cell corpse-containing phagosomes by recruiting PIK3C3 to the phagosome membrane (By similarity). Also plays a role in cytokinesis (By similarity). May participate in centrosome cohesion through its interaction with TUBG1 (By similarity). Plays a role in the regulation of neuron morphology, axon growth and formation of neuronal growth cones (By similarity). Involved in membrane tubulation (PubMed:24135484). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39052, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P39054, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15731758, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17636067, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19605363, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19623537, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24135484, ECO:0000269|PubMed:29437695, ECO:0000269|PubMed:32315611, ECO:0000269|PubMed:33713620, ECO:0000269|PubMed:34744632, ECO:0000269|PubMed:36445308}.

Molecular Weight:

98.1 kDa

UniProt:

P50570

Pathways:

Toll-Like Receptors Cascades

Application Details

Application Notes:

In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.

Comment:

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During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's

Application Details

	needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer. If you have a special request, please contact us.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -80°C.
Expiry Date:	Unlimited (if stored properly)
Images	

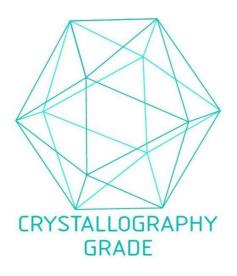


Image 1. "Crystallography Grade" protein due to multi-step, protein-specific purification process