

Datasheet for ABIN3092736

Glucocorticoid Receptor Protein (AA 1-777) (His tag)



[Go to Product page](#)

1 Image

Overview

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Quantity: | 1 mg |
| Target: | Glucocorticoid Receptor (NR3C1) |
| Protein Characteristics: | AA 1-777 |
| Origin: | Human |
| Source: | Insect Cells |
| Protein Type: | Recombinant |
| Purification tag / Conjugate: | This Glucocorticoid Receptor protein is labelled with His tag. |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS), ELISA, Crystallization (Crys) |

Product Details

| | |
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| Sequence: | <p>MDSKESLTPG REENPSSVLA QERGDVMDFY KTLRGGATVK VSASSPSLAV ASQSDSKQRR</p> <p>LLVDFPKGSV SNAQQPDLSK AVSLSMGLYM GETETKVMGN DLGFPQQGQI SLSSGETDLK</p> <p>LLEESIANLN RSTSVPENPK SSASTAVSAA PTEKEFPKTH SDVSSEQQHL KGQTGTNGGN</p> <p>VKLYTTDQST FDILQDLEFS SGSPGKETNE SPWRSDLLID ENCLLSPLAG EDDSFLLGN</p> <p>SNEDCKPLIL PDTKPKIKDN GDLVLSSPSN VTL PQVKTEK EDFIELCTPG VIKQEKLGTV</p> <p>YCQASFPGAN IIGNKMSAIS VHGVSTSGGQ MYHYDMNTAS LSQQQDQKPI FNVIPPIPVG</p> <p>SENWNRQGS GDDNLTSLGT LNFPGRTVFS NGYSSPSMRP DVSSPPSSSS TATTGPPPKL</p> <p>CLVCSDEASG CHYGVLTCS CKVFFKRAVE GQHNYLCAGR NDCIIDKIRR KNCPACRYRK</p> <p>CLQAGMNLEA RKTKKKIKGI QQATTGVSQE TSENPNGNKT VPATLPQLTP TLVSLLEVIE</p> <p>PEVLYAGYDS SVPDSTWRIM TTLNMLGGRQ VIAAVKWAKA IPGFRNLHLD DQMTLLQYSW</p> <p>MFLMAFALGW RSYRQSSANL LCFAPDLIN EQRMTLPCMY DQCKHMLYVS SELHRLQVSY</p> <p>EEYLCMKTLL LLSSVPKDGL KSQELFDEIR MTYIKELGKA IVKREGNSSQ NWQRFYQLTK</p> |
|-----------|--|

LLDSMHEVVE NLLNYCFQTF LDKTMSIEFP EMLAEITNQ IPKYSNGNIK KLLFHQK

Sequence without tag. Tag location is at the discretion of the manufacturer. If you have a special request, please contact us.

Characteristics:

- Made in Germany - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts.
- Human NR3C1 Protein (raised in Insect Cells) purified by multi-step, protein-specific process to ensure crystallization grade.
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a made to order protein and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab will ensure that you receive a correctly folded protein.

The big advantage of ordering our made-to-order proteins in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

In the unlikely event that the protein cannot be expressed or purified we do not charge anything (other companies might charge you for any performed steps in the expression process for custom-made proteins, e.g. fees might apply for the expression plasmid, the first expression experiments or purification optimization).

When you order this made-to-order protein you will only pay upon receipt of the correctly folded protein. With no financial risk on your end you can rest assured that our experienced protein experts will do everything to make sure that you receive the protein you ordered.

The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm. The protein's absorbance will be measured in several dilutions and is measured against its specific reference buffer.

The concentration of the protein is calculated using its specific absorption coefficient. We use the ExPASy's protparam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

Purification:

Two step purification of proteins expressed in baculovirus infected SF9 insect cells:

1. In a first purification step, the protein is purified from the cleared cell lysate using three different His-tag capture materials: high yield, EDTA resistant, or DTT resistant. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE.
2. Protein containing fractions of the best purification are subjected to second purification step through size exclusion chromatography. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Western blot.

Purity:

>95 % as determined by SDS PAGE, Size Exclusion Chromatography and Western Blot.

Sterility:

0.22 µm filtered

Endotoxin Level:

Protein is endotoxin free.

Product Details

Grade: Crystallography grade

Target Details

Target: Glucocorticoid Receptor (NR3C1)

Alternative Name: NR3C1 ([NR3C1 Products](#))

Background: Receptor for glucocorticoids (GC). Has a dual mode of action: as a transcription factor that binds to glucocorticoid response elements (GRE), both for nuclear and mitochondrial DNA, and as a modulator of other transcription factors. Affects inflammatory responses, cellular proliferation and differentiation in target tissues. Involved in chromatin remodeling (PubMed:9590696). Plays a role in rapid mRNA degradation by binding to the 5' UTR of target mRNAs and interacting with PNRC2 in a ligand-dependent manner which recruits the RNA helicase UPF1 and the mRNA-decapping enzyme DCP1A, leading to RNA decay (PubMed:25775514). Could act as a coactivator for STAT5-dependent transcription upon growth hormone (GH) stimulation and could reveal an essential role of hepatic GR in the control of body growth (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06537, ECO:0000269|PubMed:25775514, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9590696}., Isoform Alpha: Has transcriptional activation and repression activity (PubMed:15866175, PubMed:19248771, PubMed:20484466, PubMed:23820903, PubMed:11435610, PubMed:15769988, PubMed:17635946, PubMed:19141540, PubMed:21664385). Mediates glucocorticoid-induced apoptosis (PubMed:23303127). Promotes accurate chromosome segregation during mitosis (PubMed:25847991). May act as a tumor suppressor (PubMed:25847991). May play a negative role in adipogenesis through the regulation of lipolytic and antilipogenic gene expression (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06537, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11435610, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15769988, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15866175, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17635946, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19141540, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19248771, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20484466, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21664385, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23303127, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23820903, ECO:0000269|PubMed:25847991}., Isoform Beta: Acts as a dominant negative inhibitor of isoform Alpha (PubMed:7769088, PubMed:8621628, PubMed:20484466). Has intrinsic transcriptional activity independent of isoform Alpha when both isoforms are coexpressed (PubMed:19248771, PubMed:26711253). Loses this transcription modulator function on its own (PubMed:20484466). Has no hormone-binding activity (PubMed:8621628). May play a role in controlling glucose metabolism by maintaining insulin sensitivity (By similarity). Reduces hepatic gluconeogenesis through down-regulation of PEPCCK in an isoform Alpha-dependent manner (PubMed:26711253). Directly regulates STAT1

Target Details

expression in isoform Alpha-independent manner (PubMed:26711253). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06537, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19248771, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20484466, ECO:0000269|PubMed:26711253, ECO:0000269|PubMed:7769088, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8621628}., Isoform Alpha-2: Has lower transcriptional activation activity than isoform Alpha. Exerts a dominant negative effect on isoform Alpha trans-repression mechanism (PubMed:20484466)., Isoform GR-P: Increases activity of isoform Alpha. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:11358809}., Isoform Alpha-B: More effective than isoform Alpha in transcriptional activation, but not repression activity. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:11435610, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15866175}., Isoform 10: Has transcriptional activation activity. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:20484466}., Isoform Alpha-C1: Has transcriptional activation activity. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15866175}., Isoform Alpha-C2: Has transcriptional activation activity. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15866175}., Isoform Alpha-C3: Has highest transcriptional activation activity of all isoforms created by alternative initiation (PubMed:15866175, PubMed:23820903). Has transcriptional repression activity (PubMed:23303127). Mediates glucocorticoid-induced apoptosis (PubMed:23303127, PubMed:23820903). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15866175, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23303127, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23820903}., Isoform Alpha-D1: Has transcriptional activation activity. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15866175}., Isoform Alpha-D2: Has transcriptional activation activity. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15866175}., Isoform Alpha-D3: Has lowest transcriptional activation activity of all isoforms created by alternative initiation (PubMed:15866175, PubMed:23820903). Has transcriptional repression activity (PubMed:23303127). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:15866175, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23303127, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23820903}.

Molecular Weight: 86.6 kDa Including tag.

UniProt: [P04150](#)

Pathways: [Nuclear Receptor Transcription Pathway](#), [Intracellular Steroid Hormone Receptor Signaling Pathway](#), [Steroid Hormone Mediated Signaling Pathway](#), [Regulation of Intracellular Steroid Hormone Receptor Signaling](#), [Regulation of Hormone Metabolic Process](#), [Regulation of Hormone Biosynthetic Process](#), [Regulation of Muscle Cell Differentiation](#), [Regulation of Carbohydrate Metabolic Process](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.

Application Details

Comment: In cases in which it is highly likely that the recombinant protein with the default tag will be insoluble our protein lab may suggest a higher molecular weight tag (e.g. GST-tag) instead to increase solubility. We will discuss all possible options with you in detail to assure that you receive your protein of interest.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Buffer: 100 mM NaCl, 20 mM Hepes, 10% glycerol. pH value is at the discretion of the manufacturer.

Handling Advice: Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Storage: -80 °C

Storage Comment: Store at -80°C.

Expiry Date: Unlimited (if stored properly)

Images



Image 1. „Crystallography Grade“ protein due to multi-step, protein-specific purification process