

Datasheet for ABIN3093331

JMJD6 Protein (AA 1-403) (Strep Tag)



[Go to Product page](#)

Overview

Quantity:	250 µg
Target:	JMJD6
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-403
Origin:	Human
Source:	Cell-free protein synthesis (CFPS)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This JMJD6 protein is labelled with Strep Tag.
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS), ELISA

Product Details

Brand:	AliCE®
Sequence:	<p>MNHKSKKRIR EAKRSARPEL KDSLDWTRHN YYESFSLSPA AVADNVERAD ALQLSVEEFV ERYERPYKPV VLLNAQEGWS AQEKWTLERL KRKYRNQKFK CGEDNDGYSV KMKMKYYIEY MESTRDDSPL YIFDSSYGEH PKRRKLLDY KVPKFFTDLL FQYAGEKRRP PYRWFVMGPP RSGTGIHIDP LGTSAWNALV QGHKRWCLFP TSTPRELIKV TRDEGGNQQD EAITWFNVIY PRTQLPTWPP EFKPLEILQK PGETVFVPGG WWHVVLNLDL TIAITQNFAS STNFPVVWHK TVRGRPKLSR KWYRILKQEH PELAVLADSV DLQESTGIAS DSSSDSSSSSS SSSSSDSDSE CESGSEGDGT VHRRKKRRTC SMVGNGDTTS QDDCVSKERS SSR</p> <p>Sequence without tag. The proposed Strep-Tag is based on experience s with the expression system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you have a special request, please contact us.</p>
Characteristics:	Key Benefits:

Product Details

- Made in Germany - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts.
- Protein expressed with ALiCE® and purified in one-step affinity chromatography
- These proteins are normally active (enzymatically functional) as our customers have reported (not tested by us and not guaranteed).
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a **made-to-order protein** and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab try to ensure that you receive soluble protein.

The big advantage of ordering our **made-to-order proteins** in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Expression System:

- ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from *Nicotiana tabacum* c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications.
- During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Concentration:

- The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm.
- The protein's absorbance will be measured against its specific reference buffer.
- We use the Expasy's ProtParam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

Purification:	One-step Strep-tag purification of proteins expressed in Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System (ALiCE®).
Purity:	> 70-80 % as determined by SDS PAGE, Western Blot and analytical SEC (HPLC).
Grade:	custom-made

Target Details

Target:	JMJD6
---------	-------

Target Details

Alternative Name: JMJD6 ([JMJD6 Products](#))

Background: Bifunctional arginine demethylase and lysyl-hydroxylase JMJD6 (EC 1.14.11.-) (Histone arginine demethylase JMJD6) (JmjC domain-containing protein 6) (Jumonji domain-containing protein 6) (Lysyl-hydroxylase JMJD6) (Peptide-lysine 5-dioxygenase JMJD6) (Phosphatidylserine receptor) (Protein PTDSR),FUNCTION: Dioxygenase that can both act as a arginine demethylase and a lysyl-hydroxylase (PubMed:24498420, PubMed:17947579, PubMed:20684070, PubMed:21060799, PubMed:22189873). Acts as a lysyl-hydroxylase that catalyzes 5-hydroxylation on specific lysine residues of target proteins such as U2AF2/U2AF65 and LUC7L2. Regulates RNA splicing by mediating 5-hydroxylation of U2AF2/U2AF65, affecting the pre-mRNA splicing activity of U2AF2/U2AF65 (PubMed:19574390). Hydroxylates its own N-terminus, which is required for homooligomerization (PubMed:22189873). Plays a role in the regulation of nucleolar liquid-liquid phase separation (LLPS) by post-translationally modifying LIAT1 at its lysine-rich domain which inhibits LIAT1 nucleolar targeting (By similarity). In addition to peptidyl-lysine 5-dioxygenase activity, may act as an RNA hydroxylase, as suggested by its ability to bind single strand RNA (PubMed:20679243, PubMed:29176719). Also acts as an arginine demethylase which preferentially demethylates asymmetric dimethylation (PubMed:17947579, PubMed:24498420, PubMed:24360279). Demethylates histone H3 at 'Arg-2' (H3R2me) and histone H4 at 'Arg-3' (H4R3me), including mono-, symmetric di- and asymmetric dimethylated forms, thereby playing a role in histone code (PubMed:17947579, PubMed:24360279). However, histone arginine demethylation may not constitute the primary activity in vivo (PubMed:17947579, PubMed:21060799, PubMed:22189873). In collaboration with BRD4, interacts with the positive transcription elongation factor b (P-TEFb) complex in its active form to regulate polymerase II promoter-proximal pause release for transcriptional activation of a large cohort of genes. On distal enhancers, so called anti-pause enhancers, demethylates both histone H4R3me2 and the methyl cap of 7SKsnRNA leading to the dismissal of the 7SKsnRNA:HEXIM1 inhibitor complex. After removal of repressive marks, the complex BRD4:JMJD6 attract and retain the P-TEFb complex on chromatin, leading to its activation, promoter-proximal polymerase II pause release, and transcriptional activation (PubMed:24360279). Demethylates other arginine methylated-proteins such as ESR1 (PubMed:24498420). Has no histone lysine demethylase activity (PubMed:21060799). Required for differentiation of multiple organs during embryogenesis. Acts as a key regulator of hematopoietic differentiation: required for angiogenic sprouting by regulating the pre-mRNA splicing activity of U2AF2/U2AF65 (By similarity). Seems to be necessary for the regulation of macrophage cytokine responses (PubMed:15622002). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9ERI5, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15622002, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17947579,

Target Details

ECO:0000269|PubMed:19574390, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20679243,
ECO:0000269|PubMed:20684070, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21060799,
ECO:0000269|PubMed:22189873, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24360279,
ECO:0000269|PubMed:24498420, ECO:0000269|PubMed:29176719}.

Molecular Weight: 46.5 kDa

UniProt: [Q6NYC1](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.

Comment: ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from *Nicotiana tabacum* c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications.

During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Buffer: The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer.
Standard Storage Buffer: PBS pH 7.4, 10 % Glycerol **Might differ depending on protein.**

Handling Advice: Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Storage: -80 °C

Storage Comment: Store at -80°C.

Expiry Date: 12 months