

Datasheet for ABIN3093843

**JNK2 Protein (AA 1-424) (Strep Tag)****1** Image[Go to Product page](#)

## Overview

|                               |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Quantity:                     | 1 mg  |
| Target:                       | JNK2 (MAPK9)                                  |
| Protein Characteristics:      | AA 1-424                                      |
| Origin:                       | Human   |
| Source:                       | Tobacco (Nicotiana tabacum)                   |
| Protein Type:                 | Recombinant                                   |
| Purification tag / Conjugate: | This JNK2 protein is labelled with Strep Tag. |
| Application:                  | Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS), ELISA  |

## Product Details

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| Sequence:        | <p>MSDSKCD SQF YSVQVADSTF TVLKRYQQLK PIGSGAQGIV CAAFDTVLGI NVAVKKLSRP</p> <p>FQNQTHAKRA YRELVLKCV NHKNIISLLN VFTPQKTLEE FQDVYLV MEL MDANLCQVIH</p> <p>MELDHERMSY LLYQMLCGIK HLHSAGIIHR DLKPSNIVVK SDCTLKILDF GLARTACTNF</p> <p>MMTPYVVTRY YRAPEVILGM GYKENVDIWS VGCIMGELVK GCVIFQGDH IDQWNKVIEQ</p> <p>LGTPSAEFMK KLQPTVRNYV ENRPKYPGIK FEELFPDWIF PSESERDKIK TSQARDLLSK</p> <p>MLVIDPDKRI SVDEALRHPY ITVWYDPAEA EAPPPQIYDA QLEEREHAIE EWKELIYKEV</p> <p>MDWEERSKNG VVKDQPSDAA VSSNATPSQS SSINDISSMS TEQTLASDTD SSLDASTGPL EGCR</p> <p><b>Sequence without tag. The proposed Strep-Tag is based on experience s with the expression system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you have a special request, please contact us.</b></p> |
| Characteristics: | Key Benefits:  |

- Made in Germany - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts.
- Protein expressed with ALiCE® and purified by multi-step, protein-specific process to ensure correct folding and modification.
- These proteins are normally active (enzymatically functional) as our customers have reported (not tested by us and not guaranteed).
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a **made-to-order protein** and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab will ensure that you receive a correctly folded protein.

The big advantage of ordering our **made-to-order proteins** in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

### Expression System:

- ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from *Nicotiana tabacum* c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications.
- During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

### Concentration:

- The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm.
- The protein's absorbance will be measured in several dilutions and is measured against its specific reference buffer.
- We use the ExPASy's ProtParam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

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### Purification:

Two step purification of proteins expressed in Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System (ALiCE®):

1. In a first purification step, the protein is purified from the cleared cell lysate using StrepTag capture material. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE.
2. Protein containing fractions of the best purification are subjected to second purification step through size exclusion chromatography. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Western blot.

## Product Details

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| Purity:          | >80 % as determined by SDS PAGE, Size Exclusion Chromatography and Western Blot. |
| Endotoxin Level: | Low Endotoxin less than 1 EU/mg (< 0.1 ng/mg)                                    |
| Grade:           | Crystallography grade  |

## Target Details

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Target:           | JNK2 (MAPK9)   |
| Alternative Name: | MAPK9 ( <a href="#">MAPK9 Products</a> )   |
| Background:       | <p>Mitogen-activated protein kinase 9 (MAP kinase 9) (MAPK 9) (EC 2.7.11.24) (JNK-55) (Stress-activated protein kinase 1a) (SAPK1a) (Stress-activated protein kinase JNK2) (c-Jun N-terminal kinase 2),FUNCTION: Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in various processes such as cell proliferation, differentiation, migration, transformation and programmed cell death. Extracellular stimuli such as pro-inflammatory cytokines or physical stress stimulate the stress-activated protein kinase/c-Jun N-terminal kinase (SAP/JNK) signaling pathway. In this cascade, two dual specificity kinases MAP2K4/MKK4 and MAP2K7/MKK7 phosphorylate and activate MAPK9/JNK2. In turn, MAPK9/JNK2 phosphorylates a number of transcription factors, primarily components of AP-1 such as JUN and ATF2 and thus regulates AP-1 transcriptional activity. In response to oxidative or ribotoxic stresses, inhibits rRNA synthesis by phosphorylating and inactivating the RNA polymerase 1-specific transcription initiation factor RRN3. Promotes stressed cell apoptosis by phosphorylating key regulatory factors including TP53 and YAP1. In T-cells, MAPK8 and MAPK9 are required for polarized differentiation of T-helper cells into Th1 cells. Upon T-cell receptor (TCR) stimulation, is activated by CARMA1, BCL10, MAP2K7 and MAP3K7/TAK1 to regulate JUN protein levels. Plays an important role in the osmotic stress-induced epithelial tight-junctions disruption. When activated, promotes beta-catenin/CTNNB1 degradation and inhibits the canonical Wnt signaling pathway. Participates also in neurite growth in spiral ganglion neurons. Phosphorylates the CLOCK-BMAL1 heterodimer and plays a role in the regulation of the circadian clock (PubMed:22441692). Phosphorylates POU5F1, which results in the inhibition of POU5F1's transcriptional activity and enhances its proteasomal degradation (By similarity). {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9WTU6, ECO:0000269 PubMed:22441692}., FUNCTION: MAPK9 isoforms display different binding patterns: alpha-1 and alpha-2 preferentially bind to JUN, whereas beta-1 and beta-2 bind to ATF2. However, there is no correlation between binding and phosphorylation, which is achieved at about the same efficiency by all isoforms. JUNB is not a substrate for JNK2 alpha-2, and JUND binds only weakly to it.</p> |

## Target Details

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| Molecular Weight: | 48.1 kDa   |
| UniProt:          | <a href="#">P45984</a>   |
| Pathways:         | <a href="#">MAPK Signaling</a> , <a href="#">WNT Signaling</a> , <a href="#">TLR Signaling</a> , <a href="#">Fc-epsilon Receptor Signaling Pathway</a> , <a href="#">Activation of Innate immune Response</a> , <a href="#">Cellular Response to Molecule of Bacterial Origin</a> , <a href="#">Positive Regulation of Endopeptidase Activity</a> , <a href="#">Hepatitis C</a> , <a href="#">Toll-Like Receptors Cascades</a> , <a href="#">BCR Signaling</a> , <a href="#">S100 Proteins</a> |

## Application Details

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Application Notes: | In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.   |
| Comment:           | <p>ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from <i>Nicotiana tabacum</i> c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications.</p> <p>During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!</p> |
| Restrictions:      | For Research Use only  |

## Handling

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| Format:          | Liquid   |
| Buffer:          | The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer. If you have a special request, please contact us. |
| Handling Advice: | Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.   |
| Storage:         | -80 °C   |
| Storage Comment: | Store at -80°C.  |
| Expiry Date:     | Unlimited (if stored properly)   |



**Image 1.** „Crystallography Grade“ protein due to multi-step, protein-specific purification process