

Datasheet for ABIN3095119

RORC Protein (AA 1-518) (Strep Tag)



[Go to Product page](#)

Overview

Quantity:	250 µg
Target:	RORC
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-518
Origin:	Human
Source:	Cell-free protein synthesis (CFPS)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This RORC protein is labelled with Strep Tag.
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS), ELISA

Product Details

Brand:	AliCE®
Sequence:	<p>MDRAPQRQHR ASRELLAAKK THTSQIEVIP CKICGDKSSG IHYGVITCEG CKGFFRRSQR</p> <p>CNAAYSCTRQ QNCPIDRTSR NRCQHCRLLQK CLALGMSRDA VKFGRMSKKQ RDSLHAEVQK</p> <p>QLQQRQQQQQ EPVVKTPPAG AQGADTLTYT LGLPDGQLPL GSSPDLEAS ACPPGLLKAS</p> <p>GSGPSYSNNL AKAGLNGASC HLEYSERPGK AEGRESFYST GSQLTDPDRG LRFEHRHPG</p> <p>LGELGQGPDS YGSPSFRSTP EAPYASLTEI EHLVQSVCKS YRETCQLRLE DLLRQRSNIF</p> <p>SREEVTGYQR KSMWEMWERC AHHLTEAIQY VVEFAKRLSG FMELCQNDQI VLLKAGAMEV</p> <p>VLVRMCRAYN ADNRTVFFEG KYGGMELFRA LGCSELISS FDFSHLSAL HFSEDEIALY</p> <p>TALVLINHR PGLQEKRKVE QLQYNLELAF HHHLCCKTHRQ SILAKLPPKG KLRSLCSQHV</p> <p>ERLQIFQHLH PIVVQAAFPF LYKELFSTET ESPVGLSK</p> <p>Sequence without tag. The proposed Strep-Tag is based on experience s with the expression system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you</p>

have a special request, please contact us.

Characteristics:

Key Benefits:

- Made in Germany - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts.
- Protein expressed with ALiCE® and purified in one-step affinity chromatography
- These proteins are normally active (enzymatically functional) as our customers have reported (not tested by us and not guaranteed).
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a **made-to-order protein** and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab try to ensure that you receive soluble protein.

The big advantage of ordering our **made-to-order proteins** in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Expression System:

- ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from *Nicotiana tabacum* c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications.
- During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Concentration:

- The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm.
- The protein's absorbance will be measured against its specific reference buffer.
- We use the ExPASy's ProtParam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

Purification:

One-step Strep-tag purification of proteins expressed in Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System (ALiCE®).

Purity:

> 70-80 % as determined by SDS PAGE, Western Blot and analytical SEC (HPLC).

Grade:

custom-made

Target Details

Target:	RORC
Alternative Name:	RORC (RORC Products)
Background:	<p>Nuclear receptor ROR-gamma (Nuclear receptor RZR-gamma) (Nuclear receptor subfamily 1 group F member 3) (RAR-related orphan receptor C) (Retinoid-related orphan receptor-gamma),FUNCTION: Nuclear receptor that binds DNA as a monomer to ROR response elements (RORE) containing a single core motif half-site 5'-AGGTCA-3' preceded by a short A-T-rich sequence. Key regulator of cellular differentiation, immunity, peripheral circadian rhythm as well as lipid, steroid, xenobiotics and glucose metabolism (PubMed:19381306, PubMed:19965867, PubMed:22789990, PubMed:26160376, PubMed:20203100). Considered to have intrinsic transcriptional activity, have some natural ligands like oxysterols that act as agonists (25-hydroxycholesterol) or inverse agonists (7-oxygenated sterols), enhancing or repressing the transcriptional activity, respectively (PubMed:19965867, PubMed:22789990). Recruits distinct combinations of cofactors to target gene regulatory regions to modulate their transcriptional expression, depending on the tissue, time and promoter contexts. Regulates the circadian expression of clock genes such as CRY1, BMAL1 and NR1D1 in peripheral tissues and in a tissue-selective manner. Competes with NR1D1 for binding to their shared DNA response element on some clock genes such as BMAL1, CRY1 and NR1D1 itself, resulting in NR1D1-mediated repression or RORC-mediated activation of the expression, leading to the circadian pattern of clock genes expression. Therefore influences the period length and stability of the clock. Involved in the regulation of the rhythmic expression of genes involved in glucose and lipid metabolism, including PLIN2 and AVPR1A (PubMed:19965867). Negative regulator of adipocyte differentiation through the regulation of early phase genes expression, such as MMP3. Controls adipogenesis as well as adipocyte size and modulates insulin sensitivity in obesity. In liver, has specific and redundant functions with RORA as positive or negative modulator of expression of genes encoding phase I and Phase II proteins involved in the metabolism of lipids, steroids and xenobiotics, such as SULT1E1. Also plays a role in the regulation of hepatocyte glucose metabolism through the regulation of G6PC1 and PCK1 (PubMed:19965867). Regulates the rhythmic expression of PROX1 and promotes its nuclear localization (PubMed:19381306, PubMed:19965867, PubMed:22789990, PubMed:26160376, PubMed:20203100). Plays an indispensable role in the induction of IFN-gamma dependent anti-mycobacterial systemic immunity (PubMed:26160376). {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P51450, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19381306, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19965867, ECO:0000269 PubMed:20203100, ECO:0000269 PubMed:22789990, ECO:0000269 PubMed:26160376}., FUNCTION: [Isoform 2]: Essential for thymopoiesis and the development of several secondary lymphoid tissues, including lymph nodes and Peyer's</p>

Target Details

patches. Required for the generation of LT α i (lymphoid tissue inducer) cells. Regulates thymocyte survival through DNA-binding on ROREs of target gene promoter regions and recruitment of coactivators via the AF-2. Also plays a key role, downstream of IL6 and TGFB and synergistically with RORA, for lineage specification of uncommitted CD4(+) T-helper (T(H)) cells into T(H)17 cells, antagonizing the T(H)1 program. Probably regulates IL17 and IL17F expression on T(H) by binding to the essential enhancer conserved non-coding sequence 2 (CNS2) in the IL17-IL17F locus. May also play a role in the pre-TCR activation cascade leading to the maturation of alpha/beta T-cells and may participate in the regulation of DNA accessibility in the TCR-J(alpha) locus. {ECO:0000269|PubMed:21499262}.

Molecular Weight: 58.2 kDa

UniProt: [P51449](#)

Pathways: [Nuclear Receptor Transcription Pathway](#), [Steroid Hormone Mediated Signaling Pathway](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.

Comment: ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from *Nicotiana tabacum* c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications.

During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Buffer: The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer.

Standard Storage Buffer: PBS pH 7.4, 10 % Glycerol **Might differ depending on protein.**

Handling

Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
------------------	------------------------------------

Storage:	-80 °C
----------	--------

Storage Comment:	Store at -80°C.
------------------	-----------------

Expiry Date:	12 months
--------------	-----------