Datasheet for ABIN3096107

CDC34 Protein (AA 1-236) (Strep Tag)

Go to Product page

Overview

Quantity:	250 µg
Target:	CDC34
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-236
Origin:	Human
Source:	Cell-free protein synthesis (CFPS)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This CDC34 protein is labelled with Strep Tag.
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), ELISA, SDS-PAGE (SDS)

Product Details

Brand:	AliCE®
Sequence:	MARPLVPSSQ KALLLELKGL QEEPVEGFRV TLVDEGDLYN WEVAIFGPPN TYYEGGYFKA RLKFPIDYPY SPPAFRFLTK MWHPNIYETG DVCISILHPP VDDPQSGELP SERWNPTQNV RTILLSVISL LNEPNTFSPA NVDASVMYRK WKESKGKDRE YTDIIRKQVL GTKVDAERDG VKVPTTLAEY CVKTKAPAPD EGSDLFYDDY YEDGEVEEEA DSCFGDDEDD SGTEES **Sequence without tag. The proposed Strep-Tag is based on experience s with the expression system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you have a special request, please contact us.**
Characteristics:	Key Benefits: • Made in Germany - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts. • Protein expressed with ALiCE® and purified in one-step affinity chromatography • These proteins are normally active (enzymatically functional) as our customers have

reported (not tested by us and not guaranteed).
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a **made-to-order protein** and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab try to ensure that you receive soluble protein.

The big advantage of ordering our **made-to-order proteins** in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Expression System:

- ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from Nicotiana tabacum c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications.
- During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Concentration:

- The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm.
- The protein's absorbance will be measured against its specific reference buffer.
- We use the Expasy's ProtParam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

Purification:	One-step Strep-tag purification of proteins expressed in Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System (AliCE®).
Purity:	> 70-80 % as determined by SDS PAGE, Western Blot and analytical SEC (HPLC).
Grade:	custom-made

Target Details

Target:	CDC34
Alternative Name:	CDC34 (CDC34 Products)
Background:	Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 R1 (EC 2.3.2.23) ((E3-independent) E2 ubiquitin-conjugating

Target Details

	enzyme R1) (EC 2.3.2.24) (E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme R1) (Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2-32 kDa complementing) (Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2-CDC34) (Ubiquitin-protein ligase R1),FUNCTION: Accepts ubiquitin from the E1 complex and catalyzes its covalent attachment to other proteins. In vitro catalyzes 'Lys-48'-linked polyubiquitination (PubMed:22496338). Cooperates with the E2 UBCH5C and the SCF(FBXW11) E3 ligase complex for the polyubiquitination of NFKBIA leading to its subsequent proteasomal degradation. Performs ubiquitin chain elongation building ubiquitin chains from the UBE2D3-primed NFKBIA-linked ubiquitin. UBE2D3 acts as an initiator E2, priming the phosphorylated NFKBIA target at positions 'Lys-21' and/or 'Lys-22' with a monoubiquitin. Cooperates with the SCF(SKP2) E3 ligase complex to regulate cell proliferation through ubiquitination and degradation of MYBL2 and KIP1. Involved in ubiquitin conjugation and degradation of CREM isoform ICERIIgamma and ATF15 resulting in abrogation of ICERIIgamma- and ATF5-mediated repression of cAMP-induced transcription during both meiotic and mitotic cell cycles. Involved in the regulation of the cell cycle G2/M phase through its targeting of the WEE1 kinase for ubiquitination and degradation. Also involved in the degradation of beta-catenin. Is target of human herpes virus 1 protein ICP0, leading to ICP0-dependent dynamic interaction with proteasomes (PubMed:10329681, PubMed:10373550, PubMed:10871850, PubMed:11675391, PubMed:12037680, PubMed:15652359, PubMed:17461777, PubMed:17698585, PubMed:19112177, PubMed:19126550, PubMed:19945379, PubMed:20061386, PubMed:20347421). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10329681, ECO:0000269|PubMed:10373550, ECO:0000269|PubMed:10871850, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11675391, ECO:0000269|PubMed:12037680, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15652359, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17461777, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17698585, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19112177, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19126550, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19945379, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20061386, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20347421, ECO:0000269|PubMed:22496338}.
Molecular Weight:	26.7 kDa
UniProt:	P49427

Application Details

Application Notes:	In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.
Comment:	ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from

Application Details

	Nicotiana tabacum c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications. During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer. Standard Storage Buffer: PBS pH 7.4, 10 % Glycerol **Might differ depending on protein.**
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -80°C.
Expiry Date:	12 months