



[Go to Product page](#)

Datasheet for ABIN3124452
DDHD1 Protein (AA 1-547) (Strep Tag)

Overview

Quantity:	1 mg
Target:	DDHD1
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-547
Origin:	Mouse
Source:	Tobacco (<i>Nicotiana tabacum</i>)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This DDHD1 protein is labelled with Strep Tag.
Application:	ELISA, Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS)

Product Details

Sequence: MDEVYLYSDA TTSKIARTVT QKLGFSKASS SGTRLHRGYV EEATLEDKPS QTSHIVFVWH
GIGQKMDQGR IIKNTAMMRE AARKMEEKHF SNHATHVEFL PVEWRSKLTL DGDTVDSITP
DKVRGLRDML NSSAMDIMYY TSPLYRDELV KGLQQLNRL YSLFCSRNPD FEEKGGKVSI
VSHSLGCVIT YDIMMGWNPGLYEQLLQKE EELPDERWMS YEERHLLDEL YITKRRLREI
EDRLHGLKAP SISQTPALKF KVENFFCMGS PLAVFLALRG IRPGNSGSQD HILPREICNR
LLNIFHTDP VAYRLEPLIL KHYSNISPQV IHWYNTSNPL PYEHMKPNFL NPAKEPTSVS
DSENIAAIPS PVTSPVLSRR HYGESITNIG KASILGAASI GKGLGGMLFS RFGRSSASQP
SEPSKDSLED DKKPSASPST TTVATQTLPH SGGFLDSAY FRLQESFFYL PQLLPENVM
QSKDDSLVEL EHRIDFELRE GLVESRYWSA VTSHTAYWSS LDVALFLLTF MYKHEHDTEA
KPSLGSL

Sequence without tag. The proposed Strep-Tag is based on experience s with the expression system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you

have a special request, please contact us.

Characteristics:

Key Benefits:

- Made in Germany - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts.
- Protein expressed with ALiCE® and purified by multi-step, protein-specific process to ensure correct folding and modification.
- These proteins are normally active (enzymatically functional) as our customers have reported (not tested by us and not guaranteed).
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a **made-to-order protein** and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab will ensure that you receive a correctly folded protein.

The big advantage of ordering our **made-to-order proteins** in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Expression System:

- ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from *Nicotiana tabacum* c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications.
- During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Concentration:

- The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm.
- The protein's absorbance will be measured in several dilutions and is measured against its specific reference buffer.
- We use the Expasy's protparam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

Purification:

Two step purification of proteins expressed in Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System (ALiCE®):

1. In a first purification step, the protein is purified from the cleared cell lysate using StrepTag capture material. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE.

Product Details

2. Protein containing fractions of the best purification are subjected to second purification step through size exclusion chromatography. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Western blot.

Purity: $\geq 80\%$ as determined by SDS PAGE, Size Exclusion Chromatography and Western Blot.

Endotoxin Level: Low Endotoxin less than 1 EU/mg (< 0.1 ng/mg)

Grade: Crystallography grade

Target Details

Target: DDHD1

Alternative Name: Ddhd1 ([DDHD1 Products](#))

Background: Phospholipase DDHD1 (EC 3.1.1.111) (EC 3.1.1.32) (DDHD domain-containing protein 1) (Phosphatidic acid-preferring phospholipase A1 homolog) (PA-PLA1) (EC 3.1.1.118) (Phospholipid sn-1 acylhydrolase),FUNCTION: Phospholipase A1 (PLA1) that hydrolyzes ester bonds at the sn-1 position of glycerophospholipids producing a free fatty acid and a lysophospholipid (PubMed:30221923) (Probable). Prefers phosphatidate (1,2-diacyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphate, PA) as substrate in vitro, but can efficiently hydrolyze phosphatidylinositol (1,2-diacyl-sn-glycero-3-phospho-(1D-myo-inositol), PI), as well as a range of other glycerophospholipid substrates such as phosphatidylcholine (1,2-diacyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine, PC), phosphatidylethanolamine (1,2-diacyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphoethanolamine, PE), phosphatidylserine (1,2-diacyl-sn-glycero-3-phospho-L-serine, PS) and phosphatidylglycerol (1,2-diacyl-sn-glycero-3-phospho-(1'-sn-glycerol), PG) (PubMed:30221923) (Probable). Involved in the regulation of the endogenous content of polyunsaturated PI and PS lipids in the nervous system (PubMed:30221923). Changes in these lipids extend to downstream metabolic products like PI phosphates PIP and PIP2, which play fundamental roles in cell biology (PubMed:30221923). Regulates mitochondrial morphology (PubMed:24599962). These dynamic changes may be due to PA hydrolysis at the mitochondrial surface (PubMed:24599962). May play a regulatory role in spermatogenesis or sperm function (PubMed:24599962). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8NEL9, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24599962, ECO:0000269|PubMed:30221923, ECO:0000303|PubMed:24599962, ECO:0000305|PubMed:37189713}.

Molecular Weight: 61.8 kDa

UniProt: [Q80YA3](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.

Comment: ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from *Nicotiana tabacum* c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications.

During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

Buffer: The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer. If you have a special request, please contact us.

Handling Advice: Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Storage: -80 °C

Storage Comment: Store at -80°C.

Expiry Date: Unlimited (if stored properly)
