

Datasheet for ABIN3132850

Retinoic Acid Receptor alpha Protein (AA 1-462) (Strep Tag)



Go to Product page

()	ve	r\/i	۱۸/
\cup	V C	1 / 1	 v v

Quantity:	250 μg
Target:	Retinoic Acid Receptor alpha (RARA)
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-462
Origin:	Mouse
Source:	Cell-free protein synthesis (CFPS)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This Retinoic Acid Receptor alpha protein is labelled with Strep Tag.
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS), ELISA

, ipplication.	Nestern Bistaria (179), 656 17161 (656), 12167	
Product Details		
Brand:	AliCE®	
Sequence:	MASNSSSCPT PGGGHLNGYP VPPYAFFFPP MLGGLSPPGA LTSLQHQLPV SGYSTPSPAT	
	IETQSSSSEE IVPSPPSPPP LPRIYKPCFV CQDKSSGYHY GVSACEGCKG FFRRSIQKNM	
	VYTCHRDKNC IINKVTRNRC QYCRLQKCFD VGMSKESVRN DRNKKKKEAP KPECSESYTL	
	TPEVGELIEK VRKAHQETFP ALCQLGKYTT NNSSEQRVSL DIDLWDKFSE LSTKCIIKTV	
	EFAKQLPGFT TLTIADQITL LKAACLDILI LRICTRYTPE QDTMTFSDGL TLNRTQMHNA	
	GFGPLTDLVF AFANQLLPLE MDDAETGLLS AICLICGDRQ DLEQPDKVDM LQEPLLEALK	
	VYVRKRRPSR PHMFPKMLMK ITDLRSISAK GAERVITLKM EIPGSMPPLI QEMLENSEGL	
	DTLSGQSGGG TRDGGGLAPP PGSCSPSLSP SSHRSSPATQ SP	
	Sequence without tag. The proposed Strep-Tag is based on experience s with the expression	
	system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you	
	have a special request, please contact us.	

Characteristics:

Key Benefits:

- Made in Germany from design to production by highly experienced protein experts.
- · Protein expressed with ALiCE® and purified in one-step affinity chromatography
- These proteins are normally active (enzymatically functional) as our customers have reported (not tested by us and not guaranteed).
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a **made-to-order protein** and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab try to ensure that you receive soluble protein.

The big advantage of ordering our **made-to-order proteins** in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Expression System:

- ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from Nicotiana tabacum c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require posttranslational modifications.
- During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for
 protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the
 mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional
 components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to
 produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Concentration:

- The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm.
- The protein's absorbance will be measured against its specific reference buffer.
- We use the Expasy's ProtParam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

Purification:	One-step Strep-tag purification of proteins expressed in Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System (AliCE®).
Purity: > 70-80 % as determined by SDS PAGE, Western Blot and analytical SEC (HPLC).	
Grade:	custom-made

Target Details

Target:	Retinoic Acid Receptor alpha (RARA)		
Alternative Name:	Rara (RARA Products)		
Background:	Retinoic acid receptor alpha (RAR-alpha) (Nuclear receptor subfamily 1 group B member		
	1),FUNCTION: Receptor for retinoic acid (PubMed:17205979). Retinoic acid receptors bind as		
	heterodimers to their target response elements in response to their ligands, all-trans or 9-cis		
	retinoic acid, and regulate gene expression in various biological processes (PubMed:17205979)		
	The RXR/RAR heterodimers bind to the retinoic acid response elements (RARE) composed of		
	tandem 5'-AGGTCA-3' sites known as DR1-DR5 (PubMed:17205979). In the absence of ligand,		
	the RXR-RAR heterodimers associate with a multiprotein complex containing transcription		
	corepressors that induce histone deacetylation, chromatin condensation and transcriptional		
	suppression (By similarity). On ligand binding, the corepressors dissociate from the receptors		
	and associate with the coactivators leading to transcriptional activation (PubMed:17205979,		
	PubMed:9230306, PubMed:19078967). Formation of heterocomplex with histone deacetylases		
	might lead to inhibition of RARE DNA element binding and to transcriptional repression (By		
	similarity). Transcriptional activation and RARE DNA element binding might be supported by the		
	transcription factor KLF2 (By similarity). RARA plays an essential role in the regulation of		
	retinoic acid-induced germ cell development during spermatogenesis (PubMed:15901285). Has		
	a role in the survival of early spermatocytes at the beginning prophase of meiosis		
	(PubMed:15901285, PubMed:17905941). In Sertoli cells, may promote the survival and		
	development of early meiotic prophase spermatocytes (PubMed:10660575,		
	PubMed:17905941). In concert with RARG, required for skeletal growth, matrix homeostasis		
	and growth plate function (PubMed:19389355). Together with RXRA, positively regulates		
	microRNA-10a expression, thereby inhibiting the GATA6/VCAM1 signaling response to pulsatile		
	shear stress in vascular endothelial cells (By similarity). In association with HDAC3, HDAC5 and		
	HDAC7 corepressors, plays a role in the repression of microRNA-10a and thereby promotes the		
	inflammatory response (By similarity). {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P10276,		
	ECO:0000269 PubMed:10660575, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15901285,		
	ECO:0000269 PubMed:17205979, ECO:0000269 PubMed:17905941,		
	ECO:0000269 PubMed:19078967, ECO:0000269 PubMed:19389355,		
	ECO:0000269 PubMed:9230306}.		
Molecular Weight:	50.7 kDa		
UniProt:	P11416		
Pathways:	Nuclear Receptor Transcription Pathway, Retinoic Acid Receptor Signaling Pathway,		

Intracellular Steroid Hormone Receptor Signaling Pathway, Steroid Hormone Mediated

Signaling Pathway, Cellular Response to Molecule of Bacterial Origin, Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process, S100 Proteins

Application Details

the state of the s		
Application Notes:	In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.	
Comment:	ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from Nicotiana tabacum c.v This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications.	
	During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!	
Restrictions:	For Research Use only	
Handling		
Format:	Liquid	
Buffer:	The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer. Standard Storage Buffer: PBS pH 7.4, 10 % Glycerol Might differ depending on protein.	
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	
Storage:	-80 °C	
Storage Comment:	Store at -80°C.	
Expiry Date:	12 months	