Datasheet for ABIN3134852

SIAH2 Protein (AA 1-325) (Strep Tag)

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Overview

Quantity:	250 µg
Target:	SIAH2
Protein Characteristics:	AA 1-325
Origin:	Mouse
Source:	Cell-free protein synthesis (CFPS)
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This SIAH2 protein is labelled with Strep Tag.
Application:	ELISA, Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS)

Product Details

Brand:	AliCE®
Sequence:	MSRPSSTGPS ANKPCSKQPP PPQTPHAPSP AAPPAAATIS AAGPGSSAVP AAAAVISGPG AGGGADPVSP QHHELTSLFE CPVCFDYVLP PILQCQAGHL VCNQCRQKLS CCPTCRGALT PSIRNLAMEK VASAVLFPCK YATTGCSLTL HHTEKPEHED ICEYRPYSCP CPGASCKWQG SLEAVMSHLM HAHKSITTLQ GEDIVFLATD INLPGAVDWV MMQSCFGHHF MLVLEKQEKY EGHQQFFAIV LLIGTRKQAE NFAYRLELNG NRRRLTWEAT PRSIHDGVAA AIMNSDCLVF DTAIAHLFAD NGNLGINVTI STCCQ **Sequence without tag. The proposed Strep-Tag is based on experience s with the expression system, a different complexity of the protein could make another tag necessary. In case you have a special request, please contact us.**
Characteristics:	Key Benefits:

Product Details

- Made in Germany - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts.
- Protein expressed with ALiCE® and purified in one-step affinity chromatography
- These proteins are normally active (enzymatically functional) as our customers have reported (not tested by us and not guaranteed).
- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a **made-to-order protein** and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab try to ensure that you receive soluble protein.

The big advantage of ordering our **made-to-order proteins** in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

Expression System:

- ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from Nicotiana tabacum c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications.
- During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!

Concentration:

- The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm.
- The protein's absorbance will be measured against its specific reference buffer.
- We use the Expasy's ProtParam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

Purification:	One-step Strep-tag purification of proteins expressed in Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System (AliCE®).
Purity:	> 70-80 % as determined by SDS PAGE, Western Blot and analytical SEC (HPLC).
Grade:	custom-made

Target Details

Target:	SIAH2

Target Details

Alternative Name:	Siah2 (SIAH2 Products)
Background:	E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase SIAH2 (EC 2.3.2.27) (RING-type E3 ubiquitin transferase SIAH2) (Seven in absentia homolog 2) (Siah-2) (mSiah2),FUNCTION: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that mediates ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins (PubMed:11257006, PubMed:14645235, PubMed:14645526, PubMed:17003045, PubMed:9637679, PubMed:24809345, PubMed:26070566). E3 ubiquitin ligases accept ubiquitin from an E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme in the form of a thioester and then directly transfers the ubiquitin to targeted substrates (PubMed:11257006, PubMed:14645235, PubMed:14645526, PubMed:17003045, PubMed:9637679, PubMed:26070566). Mediates E3 ubiquitin ligase activity either through direct binding to substrates or by functioning as the essential RING domain subunit of larger E3 complexes (PubMed:11257006, PubMed:14645235, PubMed:14645526, PubMed:17003045, PubMed:9637679, PubMed:26070566). Mediates ubiquitination and proteasomal degradation of DYRK2 in response to hypoxia. Promotes monoubiquitination of SNCA (By similarity). Triggers the ubiquitin-mediated degradation of many substrates, including proteins involved in transcription regulation (GPS2, POU2AF1, PML, NCOR1), a cell surface receptor (DCC), an antiapoptotic protein (BAG1), and a protein involved in synaptic vesicle function in neurons (SYP) (PubMed:11257006, PubMed:14645235, PubMed:14645526, PubMed:17003045, PubMed:9637679, PubMed:26070566). It is thereby involved in apoptosis, tumor suppression, cell cycle, transcription and signaling processes (PubMed:11257006, PubMed:14645235, PubMed:14645526, PubMed:17003045, PubMed:9637679, PubMed:26070566). Has some overlapping function with SIAH1. Triggers the ubiquitin-mediated degradation of TRAF2, whereas SIAH1 does not. Regulates cellular clock function via ubiquitination of the circadian transcriptional repressors NR1D1 and NR1D2 leading to their proteasomal degradation (By similarity). Plays an important role in mediating the rhythmic degradation/clearance of NR1D1 and NR1D2 contributing to their circadian profile of protein abundance (PubMed:26392558). Mediates ubiquitination and degradation of EGLN2 and EGLN3 in response to the unfolded protein response (UPR), leading to their degradation and subsequent stabilization of ATF4 (PubMed:24809345). Also part of the Wnt signaling pathway in which it mediates the Wnt-induced ubiquitin-mediated proteasomal degradation of AXIN1 (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O43255, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11257006, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14645235, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14645526, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17003045, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24809345, ECO:0000269|PubMed:26070566, ECO:0000269|PubMed:26392558, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9637679}.
Molecular Weight:	34.8 kDa

Target Details

UniProt:	Q06986

Application Details

Application Notes:	In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.
Comment:	ALiCE®, our Almost Living Cell-Free Expression System is based on a lysate obtained from Nicotiana tabacum c.v.. This contains all the protein expression machinery needed to produce even the most difficult-to-express proteins, including those that require post-translational modifications. During lysate production, the cell wall and other cellular components that are not required for protein production are removed, leaving only the protein production machinery and the mitochondria to drive the reaction. During our lysate completion steps, the additional components needed for protein production (amino acids, cofactors, etc.) are added to produce something that functions like a cell, but without the constraints of a living system - all that's needed is the DNA that codes for the desired protein!
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	The buffer composition is at the discretion of the manufacturer. Standard Storage Buffer: PBS pH 7.4, 10 % Glycerol **Might differ depending on protein.**
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -80°C.
Expiry Date:	12 months