

Datasheet for ABIN3134873

CD36 Protein (CD36) (AA 2-472) (rho-1D4 tag)[Go to Product page](#)**1** Image

Overview

Quantity:	1 mg
Target:	CD36
Protein Characteristics:	AA 2-472
Origin:	Mouse
Source:	Insect Cells
Protein Type:	Recombinant
Purification tag / Conjugate:	This CD36 protein is labelled with rho-1D4 tag.
Application:	ELISA, Western Blotting (WB), SDS-PAGE (SDS), Crystallization (Crys)

Product Details

Sequence:	<p>GCDRNCGLIA GAVIGAVLAV FGGILMPVGD MLIEKTIKRE VVLEEGTTAF KNWVKTGTTV YRQFWIFDVQ NPDDVAKNSS KIKVKQRGPY TYRVRYLAKE NITQDPEDHT VSFVQPNGAI FEPSLSVGTE DDNFTVLNLA VAAAPHIYQN SFVQVVLNSL IKKSKSSMFQ TRSLKELLWG YKDPFLSLVP YPISTTVGVF YPYNDTVDGV YKVFNGKDNI SKVAIIESYK GKRNL SYWPS YCDMINGTDA ASFPPFVEKS RTLRFFSSDI CRSIYAVFGS EIDLKGIPVY RFVLPANAF SPLQNPDNHC FCTEKVISNN CTSYGVLDIG KCKEGKPVYI SLPHFLHASP DVSEPIEGLH PNEDEHRTYL DVEPITGFTL QFAKRLQVNI LVKPARKIEA LKNLKRPIV PILWLNETGT IGDEKAEMFK TQVTGKIKLL GMVEMALLGI GVVMFVAFMI SYCACKSKNG K</p> <p>Sequence without tag. Tag location is at the discretion of the manufacturer. If you have a special request, please contact us.</p>
Characteristics:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Made in Germany - from design to production - by highly experienced protein experts.• Mouse Cd36 Protein (raised in Insect Cells) purified by multi-step, protein-specific process to

ensure crystallization grade.

- State-of-the-art algorithm used for plasmid design (Gene synthesis).

This protein is a made to order protein and will be made for the first time for your order. Our experts in the lab will ensure that you receive a correctly folded protein.

The big advantage of ordering our made-to-order proteins in comparison to ordering custom made proteins from other companies is that there is no financial obligation in case the protein cannot be expressed or purified.

In the unlikely event that the protein cannot be expressed or purified we do not charge anything (other companies might charge you for any performed steps in the expression process for custom-made proteins, e.g. fees might apply for the expression plasmid, the first expression experiments or purification optimization).

When you order this made-to-order protein you will only pay upon receipt of the correctly folded protein. With no financial risk on your end you can rest assured that our experienced protein experts will do everything to make sure that you receive the protein you ordered.

The concentration of our recombinant proteins is measured using the absorbance at 280nm. The protein's absorbance will be measured in several dilutions and is measured against its specific reference buffer.

The concentration of the protein is calculated using its specific absorption coefficient. We use the ExPASy's protParam tool to determine the absorption coefficient of each protein.

Purification:	<p>Three step purification of membrane proteins expressed in baculovirus infected SF9 insect cells:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Membrane proteins are fractioned by ultracentrifugation and subsequently solubilized with different detergents (detergent screen). Samples are analyzed by Western blot.2. The best performing detergent is used for solubilization and the proteins are purified via their rho1D4 tag via two rho1D4 antibody columns: one DTT resistant, the other one not. Eluate fractions are analyzed by Western blot.3. Protein containing fractions of the best purification are subjected to second purification step through size exclusion chromatography. Eluate fractions are analyzed by SDS-PAGE and Western blot.
Purity:	>95 % as determined by SDS PAGE, Size Exclusion Chromatography and Western Blot.
Sterility:	0.22 µm filtered
Endotoxin Level:	Protein is endotoxin-free.
Grade:	Crystallography grade

Target Details

Target: CD36

Alternative Name: Cd36 ([CD36 Products](#))

Background: Multifunctional glycoprotein that acts as receptor for a broad range of ligands. Ligands can be of proteinaceous nature like thrombospondin, fibronectin, collagen or amyloid-beta as well as of lipidic nature such as oxidized low-density lipoprotein (oxLDL), anionic phospholipids, long-chain fatty acids and bacterial diacylated lipopeptides (PubMed:7685021). They are generally multivalent and can therefore engage multiple receptors simultaneously, the resulting formation of CD36 clusters initiates signal transduction and internalization of receptor-ligand complexes. The dependency on coreceptor signaling is strongly ligand specific. Cellular responses to these ligands are involved in angiogenesis, inflammatory response, fatty acid metabolism, taste and dietary fat processing in the intestine (Probable) (PubMed:19847289, PubMed:20037584, PubMed:23395392). Binds long-chain fatty acids and facilitates their transport into cells, thus participating in muscle lipid utilization, adipose energy storage, and gut fat absorption (By similarity). In the small intestine, plays a role in proximal absorption of dietary fatty acid and cholesterol for optimal chylomicron formation, possibly through the activation of MAPK1/3 (ERK1/2) signaling pathway (By similarity) (PubMed:17507371, PubMed:18753675, PubMed:21610069). Involved in oral fat perception and preferences (PubMed:16276419). Detection into the tongue of long-chain fatty acids leads to a rapid and sustained rise in flux and protein content of pancreatobiliary secretions (By similarity) (PubMed:16276419). In taste receptor cells, mediates the induction of an increase in intracellular calcium levels by long-chain fatty acids, leading to the activation of the gustatory neurons in the nucleus of the solitary tract (PubMed:18162488). Important factor in both ventromedial hypothalamus neuronal sensing of long-chain fatty acid and the regulation of energy and glucose homeostasis (By similarity) (PubMed:23557700). Receptor for thrombospondins, THBS1 and THBS2, mediating their antiangiogenic effects (PubMed:15748999). As a coreceptor for TLR4:TLR6 heterodimer, promotes inflammation in monocytes/macrophages. Upon ligand binding, such as oxLDL or amyloid-beta 42, interacts with the heterodimer TLR4:TLR6, the complex is internalized and triggers inflammatory response, leading to NF-kappa-B-dependent production of CXCL1, CXCL2 and CCL9 cytokines, via MYD88 signaling pathway, and CCL5 cytokine, via TICAM1 signaling pathway, as well as IL1B secretion, through the priming and activation of the NLRP3 inflammasome (PubMed:20037584, PubMed:23812099). Selective and nonredundant sensor of microbial diacylated lipopeptide that signal via TLR2:TLR6 heterodimer, this cluster triggers signaling from the cell surface, leading to the NF-kappa-B-dependent production of TNF, via MYD88 signaling pathway and subsequently is targeted to the Golgi in a lipid-raft dependent pathway (By similarity) (PubMed:15690042, PubMed:19847289).

Target Details

{ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P16671, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q07969, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15690042, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15748999, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16276419, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17507371, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18162488, ECO:0000269|PubMed:18753675, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19847289, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20037584, ECO:0000269|PubMed:21610069, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23395392, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23557700, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23812099, ECO:0000269|PubMed:7685021, ECO:0000305|PubMed:19471024}., (Microbial infection) Acts as an accessory receptor for M.tuberculosis lipoprotein LprA, in conjunction with coreceptors TLR2 and TLR1, the lipoprotein acts as an agonist to modulate antigen presenting cell functions in response to the pathogen (PubMed:19362712). Directly mediates cytoadherence of Plasmodium falciparum parasitized erythrocytes and the internalization of particles independently of TLR signaling (PubMed:19864601, PubMed:23395392). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:19362712, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19864601, ECO:0000269|PubMed:23395392}.

Molecular Weight: 53.7 kDa Including tag.

UniProt: [Q08857](#)

Pathways: [TLR Signaling](#), [Peptide Hormone Metabolism](#), [Response to Growth Hormone Stimulus](#), [Activation of Innate immune Response](#), [Cellular Response to Molecule of Bacterial Origin](#), [Regulation of Lipid Metabolism by PPARalpha](#), [Positive Regulation of Immune Effector Process](#), [Production of Molecular Mediator of Immune Response](#), [Hepatitis C](#), [Toll-Like Receptors Cascades](#), [Lipid Metabolism](#), [S100 Proteins](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: In addition to the applications listed above we expect the protein to work for functional studies as well. As the protein has not been tested for functional studies yet we cannot offer a guarantee though.

Comment: Protein has not been tested for activity yet. In cases in which it is highly likely that the recombinant protein with the default tag will be insoluble our protein lab may suggest a higher molecular weight tag (e.g. GST-tag) instead to increase solubility. We will discuss all possible options with you in detail to assure that you receive your protein of interest.

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	100 mM NaCL, 20 mM Hepes, 10% glycerol. pH value is at the discretion of the manufacturer.
Handling Advice:	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage:	-80 °C
Storage Comment:	Store at -80°C.
Expiry Date:	Unlimited (if stored properly)

Images



Image 1. „Crystallography Grade“ protein due to multi-step, protein-specific purification process