

Datasheet for ABIN336539

Goat anti-Human IgA Antibody (Alkaline Phosphatase (AP))



[Go to Product page](#)

Overview

Quantity:	1 mg
Target:	IgA
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Goat
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	Alkaline Phosphatase (AP)
Application:	ELISA, Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Western Blotting (WB), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Immunoassay (IA)

Product Details

Immunogen:	Goat serum was obtained from animals of US origin and under the care of a registered veterinarian.
Purification:	Affinity purified using solid phase Human IgA

Target Details

Target:	IgA
Abstract:	IgA Products
Target Type:	Antibody

Application Details

Application Notes:	This conjugate is suitable for all immunoassay applications.
--------------------	--

Application Details

The optimal working dilution should be determined by the investigator. Suggested starting dilution: 1:500-1:2,000 for ELISA/Western blot 1:20. 1:2,000 for Immunohistochemistry 1:50. 1:5,000 for Immunocytochemistry

Comment: ALP: Enzyme derived from calf intestine (U.S. origin), Catalyzes the hydrolysis of phosphate groups from a substrate, which produces a colored reaction product or a release of light, The most common substrate for ALP is pNPP, which produces a soluble product, Unaffected by biological components in the ELISA assay, and produces consistent results, The reaction rate of ALP is linear, so its detection sensitivity can be increased by increasing the length of the reaction time. Detection OD of 405 nm

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Buffer: 30 mM Triethanolamine, pH 7.2, 5 mM Magnesium Chloride, 0.1 mM Zinc Chloride, 1 % (w/v) BSA, Protease/IgG free. Preservative: 0.05 % (w/v) Sodium Azide

Preservative: Sodium azide

Precaution of Use: WARNING: Reagents contain sodium azide. Sodium azide is very toxic if ingested or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wear eye or face protection when handling. If skin or eye contact occurs, wash with copious amounts of water. If ingested or inhaled, contact a physician immediately. Sodium azide yields toxic hydrazoic acid under acidic conditions. Dilute azide-containing compounds in running water before discarding to avoid accumulation of potentially explosive deposits in lead or copper plumbing.

Handling Advice: **Do not freeze!** Freezing alkaline phosphatase conjugates will result in a substantial loss of enzymatic activity.

Do not add Sodium azide.

Dilute only prior to immediate use

Each reagent is stable for the period shown on the bottle label if stored as directed.

Storage: 4 °C