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anti-HSF2 antibody

Images



Overview

Quantity:	100 μg	
Target:	HSF2	
Reactivity:	Mouse	
Host:	Rat	
Clonality:	Monoclonal	
Conjugate:	This HSF2 antibody is un-conjugated	
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF), Immunocytochemistry (ICC), Antibody Array (AA)	

Product Details

Immunogen:	Purified recombinant mouse HSF2 protein	
Clone:	3E2	
Isotype:	lgG1	
Specificity:	Detects ~69 kDa.	
Cross-Reactivity:	Cow, Dog, Guinea Pig, Hamster, Human, Monkey, Mouse, Pig, Rabbit, Rat, Sheep	
Purification:	Protein G Purified	

Target Details

Target:	HSF2
Alternative Name:	HSF2 (HSF2 Products)

Target Details

Background:

HSF2, or heat shock factor 2, belongs to a family of Heat Shock transcription factors that activate the transcription of genes encoding products required for protein folding, processing, targeting, degradation, and function (2). The up-regulation of HSP (heat shock proteins) expression by stressors is achieved at the level of transcription through a heat shock element (HSE) and a transcription factor (HSF) (3, 4, 5). Most HSFs have highly conserved amino acid sequences. On all HSFs there is a DNA binding domain at the N-terminus. Hydrophobic repeats located adjacent to this binding domain are essential for the formation of active trimers. Towards the C-terminal region another short hydrophobic repeat exists, and is thought to be necessary for suppression of trimerization (6). There are two main heat shock factors, 1 and 2. Mouse HSF1 exists as two isoforms, however in higher eukaryotes HSF1 is found in a diffuse cytoplasmic and nuclear distribution in un-stressed cells. Once exposed to a multitude of stressors, it localizes to discrete nuclear granules within seconds. As it recovers from stress, HSF1 dissipates from these granules to a diffuse nuceloplasmic distribution. HSF2 on the other hand is similar to mouse HSF1, as it exists as two isoforms, the alpha form being more transciptionally active than the smaller beta form (7, 8). Various experiments have suggested that HFS2 may have roles in differentiation and development (9, 10, 11).

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NCBI Accession:

NP_001129036

Application Details

Application Notes:

- WB (1:250)
- · ICC/IF (1:200)
- optimal dilutions for assays should be determined by the user.

Comment:

 $4 \,\mu g/ml$ of ABIN361727 was sufficient for detection of HSF2 in 20 μg of heat shocked HeLa cell lysate by colorimetric immunoblot analysis using Rabbit anti-rat lgG: AP as the secondary antibody.

Restrictions:

For Research Use only

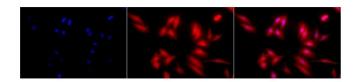
Handling

Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	PBS pH 7.4, 50 % glycerol, 0.09 % sodium azide, Storage buffer may change when conjugated

Handling

Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	-20°C

Images



Immunocytochemistry

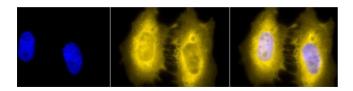
Image 1. Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis using Rat Anti-HSF2 Monoclonal Antibody, Clone 3E2 (ABIN361727 and ABIN361728). Tissue: Heat Shocked cervical cancer cells (HeLa). Species: Human. Fixation: 2 % Formaldehyde for 20 min at RT. Primary Antibody: Rat Anti-HSF2 Monoclonal Antibody (ABIN361727 and ABIN361728) at 1:100 for 12 hours at 4 °C. Secondary Antibody: APC Goat Anti-Rat (red) at 1:200 for 2 hours at RT. Counterstain: DAPI (blue) nuclear stain at 1:40000 for 2 hours at RT. Localization: Diffuse nuclear and cytoplasmic staining. Magnification: 20x. (A) DAPI (blue) nuclear stain. (B) Anti-HSF2 Antibody. (C) Composite. Heat Shocked at 42 °C for 1h.

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HSF1

HSF2

Image 2. HSF2 K562 cells HSF1 2 shRNA constructs.



Immunocytochemistry

Image 3. Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis using Rat Anti-HSF2 Monoclonal Antibody, Clone 3E2 (ABIN361727 and ABIN361728). Tissue: Heat Shocked cervical cancer cells (HeLa). Species: Human. Fixation: 2 % Formaldehyde for 20 min at RT. Primary Antibody: Rat Anti-HSF2 Monoclonal Antibody (ABIN361727 and ABIN361728) at 1:100 for 12 hours at 4 °C. Secondary Antibody: R-PE Goat Anti-Rat (yellow) at 1:200 for 2 hours at RT. Counterstain: DAPI (blue) nuclear stain at 1:40000 for 2 hours at RT. Localization: Diffuse nuclear and cytoplasmic staining. Magnification: 100x. (A) DAPI (blue) nuclear stain. (B) Anti-HSF2 Antibody. (C) Composite. Heat Shocked at 42 °C for 1h.