

Datasheet for ABIN361783 anti-Calnexin antibody (C-Term)





Overview

Quantity:	200 μg
Target:	Calnexin (CANX)
Binding Specificity:	C-Term
Reactivity:	Dog
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This Calnexin antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (IHC), Immunofluorescence (IF),
	Immunoprecipitation (IP), Flow Cytometry (FACS), Immunocytochemistry (ICC)
Product Details	
Immunogen:	Dog Calnexin C-terminal synthetic peptide conjugated to KLH. Identical to human, mouse and
	rat calnexin sequences over these residues.
Specificity:	Detects the C-terminal domain of Calnexin ~90 kDa. Weak detection in Chicken, Drosophila, and
	Xenopus tissues.
Cross-Reactivity:	Chicken, Cow, Dog, Drosophila melanogaster, Guinea Pig, Hamster, Human, Monkey, Mouse,
	Pig, Quail, Rabbit, Rat, Sheep, Xenopus laevis
Purification:	Protein A Purified
Target Details	
Target:	Calnexin (CANX)

Target Details

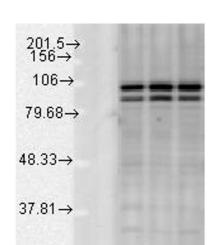
Alternative Name:	Calnexin (CANX Products)
Background:	Calnexin, an abundant ~90 kDa integral protein of the endoplasmic reticulum, is also referred to as IP90, p88 and p90 (1). It consists of a large 50 kDa N-terminal calcium-binding luminal domain, a single transmembrane helix and a short acidic cytoplasmic tail (2, 3). Unlike its ER counterparts which have a KDEL sequence on their C-terminus to ensure ER retention (4), calnexin has positively charged cytosolic residues that do the same thing (3). Most ER proteins act as molecular chaperones and participate in the proper folding of polypeptides and their assembly into multi-subunit proteins. Calnexin together with calreticulin, plays a key role in glycoprotein folding and its control within the ER, by interacting with folding intermediates via their mono-glycosylated glycans (5, 6). Calnexin has also been shown to associate with the major histocompatibility complex class I heavy chains, partial complexes of the T cell receptor and B cell membrane immunoglobulin (7).
Gene ID:	403908
NCBI Accession:	NP_001003232
UniProt:	P24643
Pathways:	MAPK Signaling, Thyroid Hormone Synthesis
Application Details	
Application Notes:	 WB (1:2000) ICC/IF (1:100) IHC (1:100) optimal dilutions for assays should be determined by the user.
Comment:	A 1:2000 dilution of ABIN361782 was sufficient for detection of Calnexin in 10 μg of HeLa cell lysate by ECL immunoblot analysis.
Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Liquid
Concentration:	1 mg/mL
Buffer:	PBS pH 7.2, 50 % glycerol, 0.09 % sodium azide, Storage buffer may change when conjugated
barrer.	

Handling

Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which
	should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	-20 °C
Storage Comment:	-20°C

Images

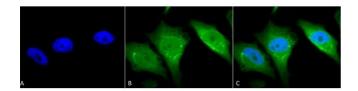




Immunocytochemistry

Image 1. Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis using Rabbit Anti-Calnexin-CT Polyclonal Antibody (ABIN361782 and ABIN361783). Tissue: Heat Shocked Cervical cancer cell line (HeLa). Species: Human. Fixation: 2 % Formaldehyde for 20 min at RT. Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-Calnexin-CT Polyclonal Antibody (ABIN361782 and ABIN361783) at 1:80 for 12 hours at 4 °C. Secondary Antibody: R-PE Goat Anti-Rabbit (yellow) at 1:200 for 2 hours at RT. Counterstain: DAPI (blue) nuclear stain at 1:40000 for 2 hours at RT. Localization: Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Melanosome. Magnification: 20x. (A) DAPI (blue) nuclear stain. (B) Anti-Calnexin-CT Antibody. (C) Composite. Heat Shocked at 42 °C for 1h.

Image 2. Calnexin CT, rat tissue mix.



Immunocytochemistry

Image 3. Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis using Rabbit Anti-Calnexin-CT Polyclonal Antibody (ABIN361782 and ABIN361783). Tissue: Heat Shocked Cervical cancer cell line (HeLa). Species: Human. Fixation: 2 % Formaldehyde for 20 min at RT. Primary Antibody: Rabbit Anti-Calnexin-CT Polyclonal Antibody (ABIN361782 and ABIN361783) at 1:80 for 12 hours at 4 °C. Secondary Antibody: FITC Goat Anti-Rabbit (green) at 1:200 for 2 hours at RT. Counterstain: DAPI (blue) nuclear stain at 1:40000 for 2 hours at RT. Localization: Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Melanosome. Magnification: 100x. Heat Shocked at 42 °C for 1h.

Please check the product details page for more images. Overall 5 images are available for ABIN361783.