

Datasheet for ABIN388734
anti-BMPR1A antibody (N-Term)

2 Images

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Overview

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Quantity: | 400 µL |
| Target: | BMPR1A |
| Binding Specificity: | AA 21-51, N-Term |
| Reactivity: | Human |
| Host: | Rabbit |
| Clonality: | Polyclonal |
| Application: | Western Blotting (WB), Immunofluorescence (IF) |

Product Details

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|---------------|--|
| Immunogen: | This BMPR1A antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 21-51 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human BMPR1A. |
| Clone: | RB02217-02218 |
| Isotype: | Ig Fraction |
| Purification: | This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS. |

Target Details

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| Target: | BMPR1A |
| Alternative Name: | BMPR1A (BMPR1A Products) |
| Background: | The bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) receptors belong to a family of transmembrane serine/threonine kinases including the type I receptors BMPR1A and BMPR1B and the type II |

Target Details

receptor BMPR2. These receptors are also closely related to the activin receptors, ACVR1 and ACVR2. The ligands of these receptors are members of the TGF-beta superfamily. Both activins and TGF-beta transduce their signals through the formation of heteromeric complexes with 2 different types of serine (threonine) kinase receptors. Type II receptors bind ligands in the absence of type I receptors, but they require their respective type I receptors for signaling, whereas type I receptors require their respective type II receptors for ligand binding. BMP receptors are highly expressed in bone, skeletal muscle, heart and liver tissue. BMPRs play a crucial role during development as mutations or deletions to the BMPR genes can cause juvenile polyposis, disrupt normal dorsal/ventral patterning during limb development, and may be a factor in the progression of Cowden-like syndrome. Germline mutations in the BMPR2 gene encoding bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) type II receptor (BMPR-II) have been reported in patients with primary pulmonary hypertension (PPH).

Molecular Weight: 60198

Gene ID: 657

NCBI Accession: [NP_004320](#)

UniProt: [P36894](#)

Pathways: [Stem Cell Maintenance](#)

Application Details

Application Notes: IF: 1:10~50. WB: 1:1000

Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling

Format: Liquid

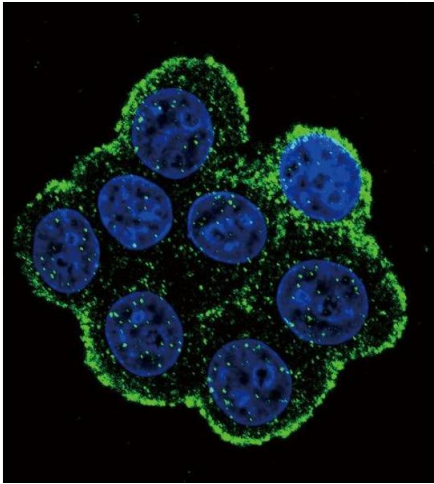
Buffer: Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09 % (W/V) sodium azide.

Preservative: Sodium azide

Precaution of Use: This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.

Storage: 4 °C,-20 °C

Storage Comment: Maintain refrigerated at 2-8 °C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20 °C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.



Immunofluorescence

Image 1. Confocal immunofluorescent analysis of BR1A Antibody (N-term K36) (ABIN388734 and ABIN2838943) with 293 cell followed by Alexa Fluor 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (green). DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclear (blue).



Western Blotting

Image 2. Western blot analysis of anti-BR1A Antibody (N-term K36) (ABIN388734 and ABIN2838943) in 293 cell line lysates (35 µg/lane). BR1A (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.