Datasheet for ABIN388822

anti-GDF9 antibody (N-Term)

3 Images | 1 Publication

Go to Product page

Overview

Quantity:	400 µL
Target:	GDF9
Binding Specificity:	AA 30-59, N-Term
Reactivity:	Human
Host:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
Conjugate:	This GDF9 antibody is un-conjugated
Application:	Western Blotting (WB), Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections) (IHC (p))

Product Details

Immunogen:	This GDF9 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 30-59 amino acids from the N-terminal region of human GDF9.
Clone:	RB2235
Isotype:	Ig Fraction
Purification:	This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Target Details

Target:	GDF9
Alternative Name:	GDF9 (GDF9 Products)

Target Details

Background:	GDF9 is a member of the bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) family and the TGF-beta superfamily. This group of proteins is characterized by a polybasic proteolytic processing site which is cleaved to produce a mature protein containing seven conserved cysteine residues. The members of this family are regulators of cell growth and differentiation in both embryonic and adult tissues.Growth factors synthesized by ovarian somatic cells directly affect oocyte growth and function. GDF9 is expressed in oocytes and is thought to be required for ovarian folliculogenesis.
Molecular Weight:	51444
Gene ID:	2661
NCBI Accession:	NP_005251
UniProt:	O60383

Application Details

Application Notes:	WB: 1:1000. WB: 1:1000. IHC-P: 1:50~100
Restrictions:	For Research Use only

Handling

Format:	Liquid
Buffer:	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09 % (W/V) sodium azide.
Preservative:	Sodium azide
Precaution of Use:	This product contains Sodium azide: a POISONOUS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE which should be handled by trained staff only.
Storage:	4 °C,-20 °C
Storage Comment:	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8 °C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20 °C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Expiry Date:	6 months

Publications

Product cited in:	Schwab, Sison, Meade, Broniowska, Corbett, Ebert: "Decreased Sirtuin Deacetylase Activity in LRRK2 G2019S iPSC-Derived Dopaminergic Neurons." in: **Stem cell reports**, Vol. 9, Issue 6, pp. 1839-1852, (2018) (PubMed).

Publications

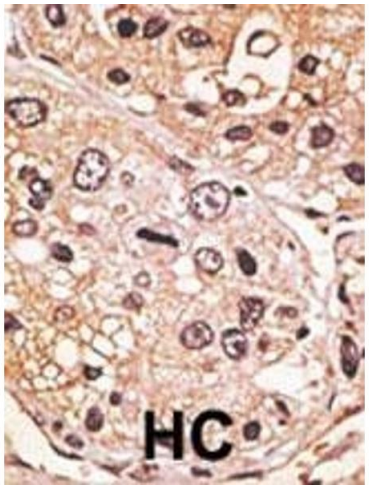
Takumida, Takumida, Katagiri, Anniko: "Localization of sirtuins (SIRT1-7) in the aged mouse inner ear." in: **Acta oto-laryngologica**, pp. 1-12, (2015) (PubMed).

He, Hu, Shi, Weidert, Lu, Xu, Huang, Kelley, Xie: "Activation of the aryl hydrocarbon receptor sensitizes mice to nonalcoholic steatohepatitis by deactivating mitochondrial sirtuin deacetylase Sirt3." in: **Molecular and cellular biology**, Vol. 33, Issue 10, pp. 2047-55, (2013) (PubMed).

Kamarajan, Alhazzazi, Danciu, Dsilva, Verdin, Kapila: "Receptor-interacting protein (RIP) and Sirtuin-3 (SIRT3) are on opposite sides of anoikis and tumorigenesis." in: **Cancer**, Vol. 118, Issue 23, pp. 5800-10, (2012) (PubMed).

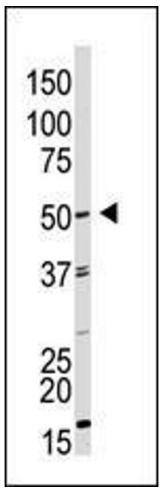
Parker, Vazquez-Manrique, Tourette, Farina, Offner, Mukhopadhyay, Orfila, Darbois, Menet, Tissenbaum, Neri: "Integration of ?-catenin, sirtuin, and FOXO signaling protects from mutant huntingtin toxicity." in: **The Journal of neuroscience : the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience**, Vol. 32, Issue 36, pp. 12630-40, (2012) (PubMed).

Images



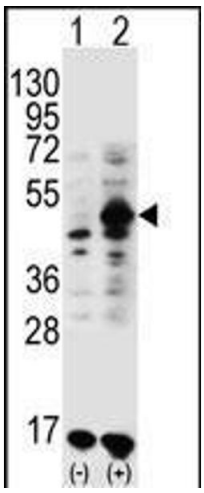
Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Sections)

Image 1. Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human cancer tissue reacted with the primary antibody, which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by AEC staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry, clinical relevance has not been evaluated. BC = breast carcinoma, HC = hepatocarcinoma.



Western Blotting

Image 2. The anti-GDF9 N-term Pab (ABIN388822 and ABIN2839140) is used in Western blot to detect GDF9 in HL60 cell lysate.



Western Blotting

Image 3. Western blot analysis of GDF9 (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal GDF9 Antibody (M45) (ABIN388822 and ABIN2839140). 293 cell lysates (2 µg/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected (Lane 2) with the GDF9 gene.

